

PROVIDING SAFETY SOLUTIONS WORLDWIDE

Safety Components Catalogue



- FLEXIBLE SOLUTIONS FOR ALL TYPES OF SAFETY BARRIERS AND STRUCTURES
- NO WELDING OR THREADING
- HIGH CORROSION RESISTANCE
- WIDEST PRODUCT RANGE AVAILABLE







The KEE Safety Concept

Kee[®] Klamp An innovative product for the construction of steel tubular structures. **KEE KLAMP** fittings are pre-galvanised cast iron for strength and corrosion resistance.

Kee[®] Lite Fittings manufactured from a polished high grade aluminium alloy for the construction of lightweight tubular structures. **KEE LITE** fittings offer superior corrosion resistance, strength and durability.



A range of galvanised cast iron fittings suitable for stairs, ramps and walkways specially designed to meet all DDA requirements and

Building Regulations.

KEE SAFETY is a leading global supplier of components and bespoke safety systems. Our systems are quick and easy to design and install, and are very cost effective due to the modularity of their parts. The principle is simple yet highly effective, proven over 75 years in thousands of completed projects across the globe.

Whether you need to separate people from hazards or protect your equipment on site, **KEE SAFETY** offers the most cost effective, flexible and safe solutions to your barrier requirements.

Safety

KEE SAFETY regularly monitors all new safety standards and directives to ensure the highest protection. Our systems not only meet but also exceed the current safety requirements and our components comply with the latest UK Building Regulations and European Standards.

Quality

Quality is the overriding priority when manufacturing **KEE SAFETY** components. Fittings are manufactured to strict specifications and TÜV certified for strength, manufacturing quality and consistency.

Solutions

From simple protection for loading bays or safety walkways in factories, to safety barriers in aggressive coastal environments or the protection of road bridges and culverts, **KEE SAFETY** provides the strategic integrated solution to give you absolute confidence in your safety requirements.



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Technical Information



KEE KLAMP and **KEE ACCESS** components are supplied hot dip galvanised to BS EN ISO 1461.

Powder Coating

Durable, polyester coating applied to already galvanised/polished products; available in any RAL colour.

Aluminium

KEE LITE components are made from high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy.

Anti-Bacterial Coating

Defence against the growth of potentially harmful invisible bacteria and fungi; this powder coating can be applied in a wide range of RAL colours.

RAL Colours

The broad colour range offers a variety of visual contrast options. These colours will enhance any handrail, guardrail, balustrade or a multitude of applications.

Tube for your Structure

KEE SAFETY components are produced in a range of standard sizes to suit steel tubing to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65), medium and heavy gauge, from 13.5mm to 60.3mm outside diameter; also equivalent sizes of tubing in other materials.

Tubing of other specifications can be used, providing the steel is compatible with BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) and wall thickness is not less than 3.2mm.

KEE KLAMP tube size	Tube diameter (mm o.d.)	Nominal bore* (mm)
2	13.5	8
3	17.5	10
4	21.3	15
5	26.9	20
6	33.7	25
7	42.4	32
8	48.3	40
9	60.3	50

^{*}Nominal bore is an arbitrary dimension, because the bore varies with the wall thickness of the tubes.

TÜV Approval

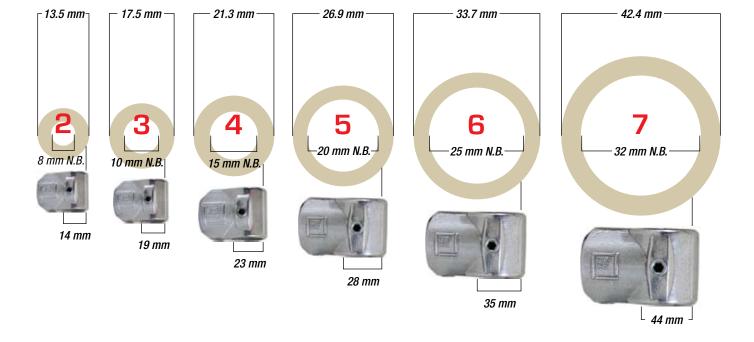
KEE SAFETY components are approved by TÜV, Europe's leading independent testing house. The maximum load of each fitting type is as stated on the TÜV Certificate, a copy of which is available upon request. For an up-to-date TÜV listing see our website at **www.keesafety.com.**



Note:

KEE SAFETY can provide general guidance on the use of the fittings detailed in this catalogue. However, the nature of the product means that the ultimate responsibility for selecting the correct fitting for an application rests with the customer.

The customer should also ensure that any existing structure to which a **KEE SAFETY** component is being secured is of sufficient strength to support both the weight of the **KEE SAFETY** construction and the imposed loads applied, including wind loads, snow loads and any other superimposed loads.



Selecting Kee Safety Components

Every fitting is illustrated and accompanied by a table of sizes and weights. Each fitting has a simple numerical code reference, which is unique and differentiates it from every other fitting. The code defines the type of fitting and the tube size or sizes it is designed to receive.

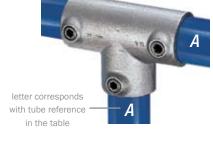
- component type, name and description -

25

Three Socket Tee

the tube is not required.

Most commonly used as the 90 $^{\circ}$ joint between the top rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. As there are two socket screws in the sleeve, this fitting can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. The Type 10 fitting can be used as an alternative when a join in



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each letter in the drawing has a corresponding measurement in the table

> first number preceding the dash identifies the component type

Tuno	Tube reference		Measurement (mm)			Weight	
Туре	Α		С			F	(Kg)
25-4	4			34	67		0.18
25–5	5			41	82		0.37
25–6	6			46	92		0.49
25–7	7			60	120		0.85
25–8	8			68	136		1.09
25–9	9			84	168		1.74

the single digit following the dash defines the tube size. (Two digits after the dash indicate that the fitting is designed to receive two sizes of tube, and likewise with three digits.)

See below for tube reference digits related to actual tube dimensions





Specifying Components

05 52 00 METAL RAILINGS

PART 1-1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SCOPE
- 1.2 RELATED WORK
- 1.3 RAILING STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS
- 1.4 SUBMITTALS
- 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

PART 2-2 PRODUCTS

2.1 SUPPLIER

A. Manufacturer of handrail, guardrail or railing systems shall be the following except where otherwise noted on the Drawings:

Kee Safety Limited 1 Boulton Road, Reading RG2 ONH, UK Tel. +44 (0) 118 931 1022

2.2 SYSTEMS

A. Handrails and Guardrails: Provide tube, KEE KLAMP, KEE LITE or KEE ACCESS fittings and accessories as indicated or required to match the design indicated in the Drawings.

2.3 METALS

- A. Tube
 - 1. Steel Tube: BS EN 10255 (ISO 65).
 - 2. Aluminium Tube: BS EN 755.
- B. Fittings and Castings
 - 1. Cast Iron Fittings or Castings to comply with BS EN 1562 & 1563.
 - 2. Hot Dip Galvanised finish to comply with BS EN ISO 1461.
 - 3. Aluminium Alloy Fittings or Castings conforming to A356–T6
 - Brackets, Flanges and Anchors: Cast or formed metal of same material and finish as supported rails.
- 2.4 OTHER MATERIALS
- 2.5 FABRICATION-GENERAL

PART 3-3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION
- 3.2 INSTALLATION
- 3.3 JOB CLOSE OUT

A brief three part specification for **KEE SAFETY** components is shown above for quick reference. The full specification is available for download on the **KEE SAFETY** website at **www.keesafety.com**.

Kee® Klamp

Galvanised Iron Components

Steel tube is an inherently efficient structural component. It is strong, has no sharp corners, and is readily available worldwide. The difficulty in using steel tube to form structures arises when joining. Threaded tube must be supplied in set lengths making for zero flexibility in installation. Welding is labour intensive, requires a highly skilled workforce, and specialised equipment.

The answer is **KEE KLAMP** components. The underlying principle is simple but highly effective: use slip-on components to create versatile and rigid tubular structures. The KEE KLAMP principle has been developed and refined for more than 75 years resulting in an extensive range of components suited for any need.

Engineering

The engineering principle behind the **KEE KLAMP** component is the foundation of the most versatile tube connection system available. We provide the versatility needed to achieve virtually any structure configuration.

KEE KLAMP fittings are iron castings manufactured to the requirements of BS EN 1562 & 1563. We have engineered a range of components to suit eight different sizes of tube. Hexagon socket set screws firmly lock the component to the tube. Set screws are manufactured in case hardened steel and are protected against corrosion with KEE KOAT; alternatively, stainless steel screws are available.

A KEE KLAMP component (size 5 to 9) can support an axial load of 900Kg per set screw with the set screw tightened to a torque of 4Kgm (39 Nm or 29lbs ft); rating includes a safety factor of 2:1. This is normally obtained when the set screw is fully tightened using a ratchet wrench.



Fittings by Function

Bases

64.....Vertical Railing

65.....Horizontal Railing

66.....Ground

262.....Round Flange

Clips

79.....Sheeting

81.....Single Sided

82.....Double Sided

105......Sheeting w/o hardware

Couplings

14.....Straight

18.....Internal

145.....Crossover

Crosses

26.....Two Socket

A26.....Split Two Socket

28.....Two Socket Custom 30.....30°-45° Adjustable

35.....Three Socket

A35.....Split Three Socket

40.....Four Socket

A40.....Split Four Socket

89.....Two Socket Angle

91.....PGR Two Socket Cross

Crossovers

17......Clamp-on

45.....Crossover

A45.....Split

46.....Combination Socket Tee

121.....Corner

Elbows

15.....90°

20.....Side Outlet

BC53.....Swivel

55.....Obtuse Angle

56.....Acute Angle

87.....Angle

92.....PGR

Flanges

31.....Pallet

C58 Swivel

P58.....Double Central Flange

59.....Spigot

60.....Extra Heavy

61.....Flange 62.....Standard Railing

63.....Angle Base

67.....Angle

69.....Rail w/ Toe Adaptor

70.....Rail Support

115......Wall

265.....Offset Rail Wall

316.....Parapet

Swivel Sockets

C50......Single Combination

F50.....Female Single

M50.....Male Single

MH50.....Male Single Horizontal

C51..... Double

M51.....Male Double Member

MH51.....Male Double Horizontal

Member

C52..... Corner

M52.....Male Corner

C53Adjustable Three Way

M53......Variable Angle Double M58.....Swivel Flange Plate

78/83.....Gate Hinge Set

Tab Panels

P50.....Offset Sing. w/ Slot

P51.....Offset Double w/ Slot

P57.....Single w/ Slot

P57E.....Modified P57

P58.....Double w/ CSH

Tees/Sockets

10..... Single Socket

A10...... Split Single Socket

... 45° Single Socket

A12...... Split 45° Single Socket

16..... Clamp-on

19..... Adjustable Side Outlet

21..... 90° Side Outlet

A21.....Split 90° Side Outlet

25.....Three Socket

27.....Three Socket Custom

29.....30°-60° Single Socket

46.....Combination Crossover

86.....Angle

88.....Three Socket Angle

90.....PGR Three Socket

93.....Pedestrian Guard Rail

114.....Swivel

Plugs

77.....Plastic

84.....Malleable

Miscellaneous

71.....Weather Cap

72.....Stair Tread Support

75.....Collar

76.....Hook

95.....PGR Internal Spigot

97.....Set Screw 98.....Ratchet Handle w/ Bits

99.....Hex Key

100......Plastic Set Screw Caps

S115.....Spacer Plate 118.....Rose Cover

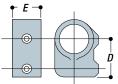
350.....Eaves Fitting

351.....Ridge Fitting



Single Socket Tee

Designed to give a 90 degree butt joint between two tubes. Frequently used for the joint between uprights and the middle rail on guardrailing where the railing site is straight and level. Also used for base ties on racking. This fitting cannot be used where the tubing within the sleeve is required to be joined within the fitting. Type 25 should be used when a join in the tube is necessary.



TYPE	Tube	ref.	mm		V a
TIPE					Kg
10-2	2	2	25	19	0.02
10-3	3	3	29	25	0.07
10-4	4	4	84	32	0.13
10-5	5	5	41	37	0.23
10-6	6	6	46	47	0.29
10-65	6	5	44	37	0.25
10-67	6	7	55	55	0.43
10-7	7	7	60	55	0.45
10-75	7	5	57	37	0.32
10-76	7	6	57	46	0.43
10-78	7	8	73	60	0.63
10-8	8	8	68	60	0.62
10-87	8	7	63	55	0.50
10-9	9	9	84	73	0.97
10-98	9	8	74	64	0.65

45° Single Socket Tee

Engineered to create 45° angles. This component is most frequently used for bracing and struts.



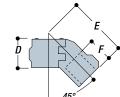
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TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg		
ITPE	Α	D			Ny
12-5	5	35	72	35	0.30
12-6	6	44	85	35	0.43
12-7	7	55	94	40	0.71
12-8	8	60	108	40	0.92

A12 Split 45° Single Socket Tee



The unique hinge and pin system of this fitting enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This fitting is most frequently used for bracing and struts.

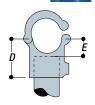


TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
TIPE		D			Kg
A12-8	8	60	122	52	1.07



Split Single Socket Tee

Designed to allow additions or extensions to existing structures without the need for dismantling. Tube must not be joined within the fitting. Fitting has strength and function comparable to Type 10 components.



	TYPE	Tube ref.	m	Ka	
		Α			кy
	A10-7	7	60	28	0.57
	A10-8	8	88	33	0.89



Straight Coupling

Designed to form an in-line joint between two pieces of tube of the same size. Where a constant diameter is required along the outside of the tube (such as DDA handrail or garment storage) an internal spigot (Type 18) should be considered.



TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
14-4	4	58	0.14
14-5	5	77	0.27
14-6	6	89	0.39
14-7	7	102	0.52
14-8	8	104	0.64
14-9	9	124	1.08



90° Elbow

A 90° elbow joint, most frequently used as an end joint for the top rail of safety railing on a level site.



A



Internal Coupling

An internal spigot providing a flush joint between two tubes of the same diameter. Not as strong as Type 14 and must not be used where a direct tensile load is applied. This fitting can only be used with 3.2mm thick tube.



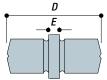
Note: This fitting can only be used with tube wall thickness 3.2 mm



WARNING: Type 18 coupling must not be used as a load bearing joint.



TYPE	Tube ref. A	mm D	Kg
15-4	4	34	0.13
15-5	5	41	0.27
15-6	6	46	0.37
15-7	7	60	0.67
15-8	8	68	0.77
15-9	9	85	1.28



	TYPE	Tube ref.	m	ım	Va
	ITPE	А			Kg
	18-6	6	76	20	0.26
	18-7	7	76	20	0.38
	18-8	8	95	20	0.54

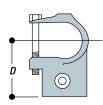
Clamp-on Tee

Widely used for adding to and modifying existing structures. This performs the same function as a Type 10, but because of its open socket, it can be added to a complete structure. For alternative fitting, see Type A10. The hex head bolt is for retaining purposes only. Torqued up to 15Nm.

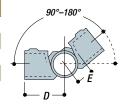


Adjustable Side Outlet Tee

Used in pairs to form variable angle joints between 90° and 180°. When calculating cutting lengths for tube, dimension 'E' should be subtracted to give true tube length. Types 19-8 and 19-85 can produce an angle range between 60° and 180°. Note: Pairs sold and priced separately in UK, France, and Germany.



	TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
	16-5	5	50	0.29
	16-6	6	52	0.33
	16-7	7	68	0.59
	16-8	8	73	0.60
	16-9	9	90	0.92



TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
ITFE	A		D		Kg
19-5	5	5	60	31	0.20
19-6	6	6	58	33	0.29
19-7	7	7	73	40	0.41
19-8	8	8	90	55	0.53
19-85	8	5	73	45	0.65
19-9	9	9	110	49	0.99

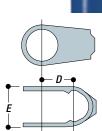
Clamp-on Crossover

Designed to provide a 90° crossover joint. Can be added to an existing structure. Tube should not be joined within this fitting. For an alternative fitting, see Type 45 or Type A45.

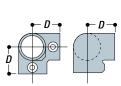


Side Outlet Elbow

A 90° corner joint most frequently used for the top rail of safety railing. It can also be considered for the corner joint of benches, work tables, and other rectangular structures.



TVDE	Tube	ref.	mm		Va
TYPE					Kg
17-5	5		27	40	0.15
17-6	6		34	48	0.23
17-7	7		43	58	0.43
17-8	8		49	65	0.56
17-9	9		61	78	0.90



TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
20-4	4	34	0.17
20-5	5	41	0.38
20-6	6	46	0.48
20-7	7	60	0.81
20-8	8	68	1.13
20-9	9	84	1.82

В



21

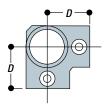
90° Side Outlet Tee

Most frequently paired with Type 20 to give a 90° corner joint for the middle rail of safety railing and other rectangular structures. The upright passes through the fitting.

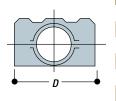


Cross Two Socket Cross

Usually paired with Type 25 to give a 90° joint between the middle rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. The upright passes through the fitting.



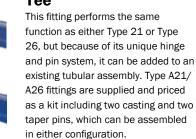
TYPE	Tube ref. A	mm D	Kg
21-4	4	34	0.14
21-5	5	41	0.28
21-6	6	46	0.41
21-7	7	60	0.69
21-8	8	68	0.85
21-9	9	85	1.36

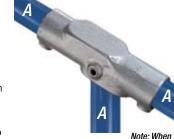


TYPE	Tube ret.		mm	Kg
HIFL				ĸy
26-4	4	4	68	0.13
26-5	5	5	81	0.27
26-6	6	6	92	0.40
26-7	7	7	120	0.65
26-8	8	8	136	0.85
26-87	8	7	126	0.63
26-9	9	9	172	1.46

A21/A26 Split Two Socket Cross/90° Side O

Split Two Socket Cross/90° Side Outlet Tee





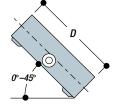
Three Socket Custom Tee

Used for safety railing on slopes between 0° and 45°, between the top rail and an intermediate upright which is required to remain vertical. Components are held in stock as blanks and then machined to individual requirements.



TYPF	Tube ref.	mm		Ka	
TIFE	А	D		Ny	
A21/A26-8	8	88	60	1.17	

Note: When used in pairs, tee will not be handed. The set screws on one side will face inward on the stair or ramp. For a 30° and 60° alternative to this fitting, see Type 29. Weights given in the table are for blank fittings.



ТҮРЕ	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
27-6	6	159	0.82
27-7	7	190	1.24
27-8	8	216	1.49

25

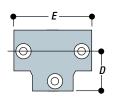
Three Socket Tee

Most commonly used as the 90° joint between the top rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this fitting can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. The Type 10 fitting can be used as an alternative when a join in the tube is not required.

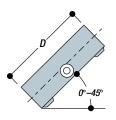


Two Socket Custom Cross

Used for safety railing on slopes between 0° and 45°, between the mid-rail and an intermediate upright which is required to remain vertical. These fittings are held in stock as blanks which are machined to individual requirements. Special order only; please specify required angle.



TYPE	Tube ref.	mm		Kg
HIFE	Α	D		Ky .
25-4	4	34	67	0.18
25-5	5	41	82	0.37
25-6	6	46	92	0.49
25-7	7	60	120	0.85
25-8	8	68	136	1.09
25-9	9	84	168	1.74



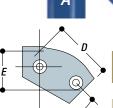
Note: When used in pairs, tee will not be handed. The set screws on one side will face inward on the stair or ramp. For an alternative to this fitting, see Type 30.

TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Weight before machined (Kg)
28-6	6	159	0.82
28-7	7	190	1.24
28-8	8	216	1.49



30°-60° Single Socket Tee

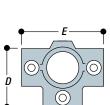
Designed as an alternative to Type 12, this adjustable fitting is most frequently used for bracing and struts. It may be used at any selected angle between 30° and 60°. As an alternative, it is possible to use Type 29 in its vertical position in place of Type 27, using Type 27 only where a join in the tubing occurs.



TYPE	Tube ref.	mm		V a
ITPE				Kg
29-6	6	73	64	0.44
29-7	7	89	74	0.63
29-8	8	102	68	0.97

Three Socket Cross

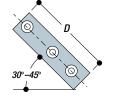
Most frequently used to tie uprights with horizontal tubes in three directions, all at 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the fitting.



	TYPE	Tube ref.	m	V a	
•	ITPE	А			Kg
1	35-4	4	34	67	0.20
)	35-5	5	41	82	0.35
	35-6	6	46	92	0.45
	35-7	7	60	120	0.77
	35-8	8	68	136	1.19
	35-9	9	85	170	1.83

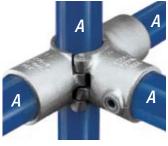
30°-45° Adjustable **Cross**

Designed as an alternative to the Type 28 fitting, this adjustable fitting can be used for railing on staircases between the mid-rail and an intermediate upright which is required to remain vertical. It may be used at any selected angle between 30° and 45°.

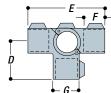


TYPE	A	D	Kg
30-6	6	146	0.64
30-7	7	178	0.97
30-8	8	216	1.30

A35 Split Three Socket **Cross**



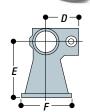
The unique hinge and pin system of this fitting enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This fitting has been designed to tie an upright with horizontal tubes in three directions, all at 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the fitting.



TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Ka
ITFE	Α					кy
A35-8	8	88	176	55	60	1.57

Pallet Flange

This fitting has been designed for the construction of post pallets. Incorporates sockets for the upright and side tubes, and a locating bell for stacking pallets. (Special order only.)

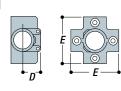


TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka.
TIPE					ĸy
31-8	8	76	127	115	2.00



Four Socket Cross

Most frequently used in multiple upright structures to tie a centre upright with horizontal tubes in four directions. The upright passes through the fitting.



TYPE	Tube ref.	n	nm	Va
ITFE	Α	D		Kg
40-4	4	34	67	0.27
40-5	5	32	82	0.51
40-6	6	37	92	0.60
40-7	7	43	120	1.05
40-8	8	53	136	1.46
40-9	9	62	168	2.30



A40

Split Four Socket Cross

A45 Split Crossover

fitting.

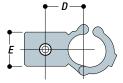


The unique hinge and pin system of this fitting enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This fitting is most frequently used in multiple upright structures to tie a centre upright with horizontal tubes in four directions. The upright passes through the fitting.

	_ Kg
DE F	:
0 88 5	5 1.96



The unique hinge and pin system of this fitting enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This fitting is designed to give a 90° offset crossover joint. Tube should not be joined within the fitting. Type A45 function is comparable to Type 45

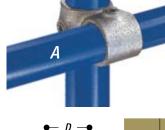


TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Va
ITE	А	D		Kg
A45-7	7	49	46	0.65
A45-8	8	55	50	0.79

45

Crossover

Designed to give a 90° crossover joint. Frequently used on safety railing where, to reduce cost by minimising the tube cuts, a continuous horizontal rail is used. Tube cannot be joined within this fitting. It may also be used to give intermediate levels on racks, etc. when horizontal ties between uprights are not required.

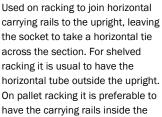


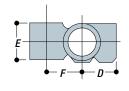
	•	$D \rightarrow$	•
E —			

Note: Where dimension 'E' inidcates two figures, the first figure refers to socket 'A' and the second refers to socket 'B' in the table.

TYPE	Tube ref.			mm	V~	
ITPE			D			Kg
45-2	2	2	16	19	-	0.02
45-3	3	3	21	25	-	0.07
45-4	4	4	25	28	-	0.15
45-5	5	5	34	31	-	0.20
45-6	6	6	40	38	-	0.34
45-65	6	5	36	41	37	0.29
45-7	7	7	55	46	-	0.54
45-76	7	6	45	46	38	0.45
45-8	8	8	55	50	-	0.59
45-86	8	6	48	51	38	0.45
45-87	8	7	51	51	46	0.55
45-9	9	9	67	61	-	0.91
45-98	9	8	60	75	73	1.09

46 Combination Socket Tee and Crossover Used on racking to join horizonta



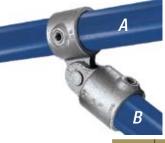


TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg		
HIFE	Α	D			ĸy
46-4	4	34	28	25	0.15
46-5	5	41	31	34	0.30
46-6	6	46	38	40	0.49
46-7	7	60	46	49	0.69
46-8	8	68	51	55	0.91
46-9	9	85	61	67	1.54

C50

Single Swivel Socket

Complete combination fitting.
Reducing combinations of Type C50 are available for sizes 5 to 9. See
Types F50 and M50 for individual fitting specifications. See 'Swivel Fittings' at bottom of this page for more information.



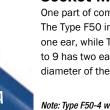
	TVDE	Tube	Va	
~	TYPE	А		Kg
	C50-44	4	4	0.15
	C50-55	5	5	0.56
	C50-66	6	6	0.64
85°	C50-77	7	7	0.80
	C50-88	8	8	0.91
/`	C50-99	Q	0	1 22

Swivel Fittings

Types F50, M50, MH50, M51, MH51, M52, M53 and M58 are known as swivel fittings and can be assembled as Types C50, CH50, C51, C52, C53 and C58, or supplied as separate items. They are frequently used for bracing but can also overcome problems where joints are required at angles other than those achieved by fixed angle fittings. For economical use of tubing, when making 'C' fittings, or combination fittings, Types F50 (sizes 5 to 9 only) can be combined with different sizes of Types M50, MH50, M51, MH51, M52, M53 and M58. F50-4 and M50-4 will only combine with each other. WARNING!: An entire structure should not be constructed from swivel fittings, as they would not provide sufficient stability or rigidity in the structure. Types M50, MH50, M51, M52, M53 and M58 can also be used separately to secure various types of in-fill panel. These fittings are not designed to take bending moments.



Female Single Swivel Socket Member



ube ref.

4

5

6

8

38

60

60

68

76

14

25

21

21

25

F50-4

F50-5

F50-6

F50-7

F50-8

M50

One part of combination fitting C50. The Type F50 in size 4 has only one ear, while Type F50 in sizes 5 to 9 has two ears. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

Note: Type F50-4 will only mate with a Type M50-4.

11

19

19

19

19

19

6.5

10

10

10

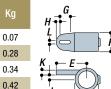
10

0.52



P50 Modified M50-8 with **Offset Slot**

Designed for the securing of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.). This fitting has one offset flange to allow the flush attachment of panels to tube. Often used with Type P51. See also Type P57.



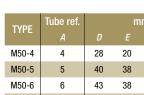
<i>G</i> 	TVDE	Tube ref.				m	m				Ka
	HILL	Tube ref.							K		кy
F	P50-8	8	61	80	47	32	8	10	11	13	0.48
E											

Male Single Swivel Socket Member



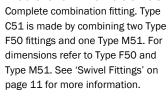
One part of combination fitting C50. This can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

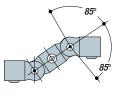
Note: Type M50-4 will only mate with a Type



	Tube ref.					
TYPE	A					Kg
M50-4	4	28	20	11	6.5	0.06
M50-5	5	40	38	19	10	0.24
M50-6	6	43	38	19	10	0.27
M50-7	7	48	38	19	10	0.36
M50-8	8	54	47	19	10	0.36
M50-9	9	62	45	19	10	0.54

Double Swivel Socket





TYPE		Va		
ITPE			С	Kg
C51-555	5	5	5	0.99
C51-666	6	6	6	1.11
C51-777	7	7	7	1.35
C51-888	8	8	8	1.57
C51-999	9	9	9	2.06

MH50

Male Single Horizontal Swivel Socket Member



This fitting can be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Specially designed for retail shelving applications. Can also be used as part of a Type CH50 combination fitting. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



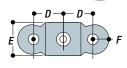
TYPE	Tube ref.			mm						
ITPE								кy		
MH50-6	6	43	38	38	11	46	10	0.30		



M51

Male Double Swivel Socket Member





TYPE	Tube ref.		Va			
TYPE	Α	D				Kg
M51-5	5	40	38	19	10	0.33
M51-6	6	43	38	19	10	0.38
M51-7	7	48	45	19	10	0.46
M51-8	8	54	45	19	10	0.48
M51-9	9	62	52	19	10	0.71



MH51

Male Double Horizontal Swivel Socket Member

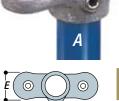
This fitting can be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures.

Specially designed for retail shelving applications, the MH51 can be used as part of a CH51 combination fitting. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing

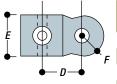


Male Corner Swivel Socket Member

One part of a Type C52 combination fitting. This can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



TVDE	Tube ref.		V a					
1115								кy
MH51-6	6	43	38	11	46	38	10	0.44



TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg			
1111		D				Ny
M52-5	5	40	38	19	10	0.37
M52-6	6	43	38	19	10	0.39
M52-7	7	50	45	19	10	0.45
M52-8	8	54	47	19	10	0.46

P51

Modified M51-8 with Offset Slots

Designed for the secure fitting of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.) This fitting has two offset flanges to allow the flush attachment of panels to tube.



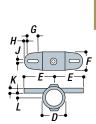
BC53

Swivel Elbow

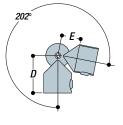
Type BC53-8 fitting has been designed as a variable angle in-line connection, adjustable through 202°.



WARNING!: An entire structure should not be constructed from Type BC53-8 or any other swivel fitting, as these would not provide sufficient stability or rigidity in the structure due to the free rotation of the fitting.



TVDE	Tube ref.	mm DEFGHJKL								K a	
TIFL	Α							K		Ny	
P51-8	8	61	81	47	32	8	10	11	13	0.70	



TVDE	Τι	ıbe re	ef.		mm	Va
TYPE	Α		С	D		, ky
BC53-8	8			83	45	1.14



Corner Swivel Socket

Complete combination fitting.
Reducing combinations of Type
C52 are available sizes 5 to 8. For
dimensions refer to Type F50 and
Type M52. See 'Swivel Fittings'
(bottom of page 11) for more
information.

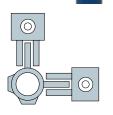


TYPE		Tube ref.		Va
IIIL	Α		С	Kg
C52-555	5	5	5	0.97
C52-666	6	6	6	1.12
C52-777	7	7	7	1.34
C52-888	8	8	8	1.55



Adjustable Three Way Swivel Socket

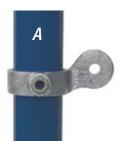
Complete combination fitting. Type C53 is made by combining two Type M53 and two Type F50 fittings. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and type M53. See 'Swivel Fittings' on page 11 for more information.
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing whole.



	TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka	
IYI	IIFE		В	C Ø		, ky	
	C53-888	8	8	8	10.5	1.54	



M53 Variable Angle Double **Swivel Socket**



A part of a Type C53 combination fitting. Type C53 is made by combining two Type M53 and two Type F50 fittings.

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing whole.

0.25

<u></u>	TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		
	11112	Α	D	Ε	F	Ø	
	M53-8	8	54	23	19	10.5	



Modified M50-8 with Slot

Designed for the securing of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.). This fitting has a single offset flange to allow for the attachment of panels to tube. See Type P50.

J H	TYPE	Tube ref.				mm				Kg
2 0 F	HIFL	Α	D						Κ	Ny
- G	P57-8	8	61	77.5	32	22.5	9	10	11	0.30
K E E										



Obtuse Angle Elbow

The Type 55 is an ideal fitting to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required, i.e. guardrail and staircases. (Refer to page 41 for more information.)





Modified P57

This fitting is similar to the P57-8 but has an elongated offset flange with a fixing hole rather than a slot.





TYPE	Tube ret.	11	Kg		
ITFE	А			Ny	
55-6	6	46	116	0.51	
55-7	7	55	154	0.81	
55-8	8	60	153	0.85	

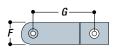
Acute Angle Elbow Type 56 is an ideal fitting to use as

an alternative to bending, or when a

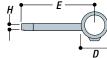
junction between a sloping tube and

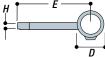
an end post is required, i.e. guardrail

and staircases. (Refer to page 41 for



TVDE	Tube ref.		K a					
ITFE	Α							Ng
P57E-7	7	55	103	32	86	11	6	0.37





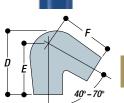
Swivel Flange

A swivel fitting for attachment of angled tubing to a flat surface. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and Type M58.



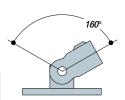


WARNING!: C58 is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail, balustrades or other types of structure.



TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka
1111	Α	D			κy
56-8	8	134	112	112	1.45

more information.)



TYPE			Tube ref.		Kg
		A	В	С	
	C58-5	5			0.70
	C58-6	6			0.76
	C58-7	7			0.84
	C58-8	8			0.94
	C58-9	9			1.07



M58 Swivel Flange Plate

This fitting may be considered for various wall and brace fixings. It is often combined with Type F50 to give an adjustable angle fitting Type C58. The diameter of the attachment bolt hole is 10mm. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.





0.37

11



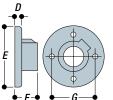
60

Extra Heavy Flange

Heavy duty flange with wide base for spreading loads over a large surface area. Holes provided for countersunk flat head screw fixings only, for use on structures where the fixing required is positional only. Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket (refer to table on page 43).



WARNING!: This fitting is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades (see Type 62).



TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Kg
IIIFE	Α						кy
60-5	5	14	130	64	79	8	1.15
60-6	6	14	140	64	86	8	1.15
60-7	7	14	149	64	95	8	1.30
60-8	8	14	156	64	102	8	1.48





35

112

P58 Double Central Flange **Fitting**

flanges with fixing holes.



Flange

Used on structures where the fixing required is positional only. Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket (refer to table on page 43). Holes provided for countersunk flathead screw fixings only. Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

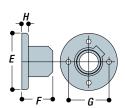


This fitting is designed for securing various types of panels and flooring to tubular structures. It has central

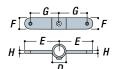


WARNING!: It is not

recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades (see Type 62).



TYPE	Tube ret.			mm			Kg		
ITFE	Α						кy		
61-3	3	70	32	47	6	6.5	0.19		
61-4	4	76	39	54	6	6.5	0.23		
61-5	5	80	40	57	6	6.5	0.33		
61-6	6	90	48	64	6	6.5	0.50		
61-7	7	102	51	76	7	6.5	0.62		
61-8	8	114	59	89	8	6.5	0.67		
61-9	9	127	63	95	10	10	1.08		



TVDE	Tube ref.			m	m			Va
IIFE	A							ĸy
P58-7	7	55	103	32	86	11	6	0.56

62 Standard Railing **Flange**

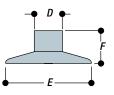
Ideal when a structural fixing is required for guard rail and balustrades. The holes are of sufficient diameter to ensure proper fixing with either a mechanical or chemical anchor. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater side-load stability to the upright. It is recommended that the fixing holes in the flange should be in line with the applied load (refer to table on page 43). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.



Spigot Flange

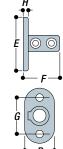
A spigot flange which fits inside the tube and is not secured by a socket screw. Type 59 can only be used with a tube wall thickness of 3.2 mm and in light, self supporting structures.

Note: No fixing holes are provided in this fitting.



TYPE	lube ret.		mm		Kg		
ITFE	Α				кy		
59-5	5	19	79	28	0.11		
59-6	6	26	87	32	0.12		
59-7	7	33	98	35	0.20		
59-8	8	38	103	41	0.28		
59-9	9	51	111	47	0.30		





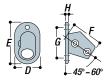
	Tube ref.		mm					
TYPE	A							Kg
62-2	2	32	64	38	44	5	9	0.04
62-5	5	64	116	76	76	8	11	0.59
62-6	6	76	128	89	89	8	14	0.73
62-7	7	75	140	89	102	10	14	1.30
62-8	8	85	155	89	115	10	14	1.30
62-9	9	102	165	127	127	10	18	1.76



33 Angle Base Flange



Similar to Type 62, but used to set up the upright at an angle between 45° to 60°. This fitting should only be subjected to light loads which cannot be positioned at 90° to the applied load. For greater loads or other tube sizes, a Type 62 flange is used and the upright bent to the required angle (refer to table on page 43). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

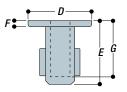


TYPF	Tube ref.			m	m			Kg
HIFL	Α							Ny
63-6	6	76	127	92	95	8	14	0.04
63-7	7	76	138	95	106	10	14	0.59
63-8	8	89	155	100	115	10	14	0.73

Ground Socket



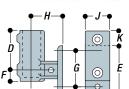
A ground socket fitting for setting in concrete. The posts may either be permanent or removable as required. It incorporates a socket set screw fixing and can be supplied with a plug to fill the hole when the tube is removed (refer to table on page 43).



TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Va		
TIPE	Α					Kg		
66-6	6	127	122	10	115	1.87		
66-7	7	140	135	10	127	2.32		
66-8	8	140	135	10	127	2.50		

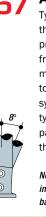
54 Standard Vertical Railing Base





Designed for fixing guardrail and	
balustrades to walls, parapets, step	s
and ramps. The upright cannot drop	,
through the socket. Access to the	
top fixing hole is restricted by the	
position of the flange to the barrel.	
When selecting a hexagon head bolt	t
or similar bolt fixing, the maximum	
length of the bolt (including the head	d)
must not exceed 25mm (refer to	
table on page 43). Ø indicates the	
diameter of the fixing hole.	

7 Angle Flange



Type 67 has been designed to allow the upright to pivot in the barrel, providing an angular displacement from 3° up to a maximum of 11°, measured from the vertical. Ideal to secure balustrade and guardrail systems on access ramps or other types of slopes (refer to table on page 43). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

Note: It is generally recommended that, when installing the 67-8, the fixing holes in the base should be in line with the applied load.

_	
0	F
	□

TYPE	Tube ref.		V a					
ITPE	А							Kg
67-7	7	83	140	79	102	10	14	1.13
67-8	8	96	155	80	115	10	14	1.30

Note: Should an upright be required to pass through the fitting, the base can be bored out to order.

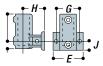
TVI	DE	Tube ref.				m	m			Ka	
'''	_	А							K		кy
64	-6	6		95							
64	-7	7	84	108	30	72	64	50	30	14	1.12
64	-8	8	89	121	32	89	70	58	28	14	1.54

65 Standard Horizontal Railing Base



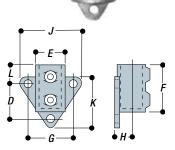
This fitting is designed for palm fixing guardrailing and balustrading to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket (refer to table on page 43). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

Note: Should an upright be required to pass through the fitting, the base can be bored out to order.



TVDE	Tube ref.	mm DEFGHJØ							
ITPL	A	D							кy
65-6	6	83	96	22	67	57	22	14	0.76

CQ Wall Flange



Side fixing for guardrailing and balustrading to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket (refer to table on page 43). Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

Note: If the upright is required to pass through the fitting by machining out the base stop, the bottom fixing hole will be unusable.

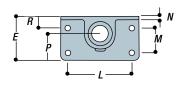
TYPE	Tube ref.					mm					Va
ITPE	Α	D						K			Kg
68-6	6										0.62
68-7	7	72	55	83	83	28	108	109	25	11	0.80
68-8	8	78	60	89	86	31	111	116	25	11	0.95

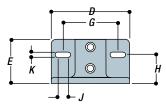


Railing Flange with **Toeboard Adaptor**



Designed for guardrail and balustrade applications with the added benefit of attaching a toeboard to the base. The base plate holes are sufficient diameter to allow for attachment with either a mechanical or chemical anchor. The side plates have slotted holes to allow for a degree of sideways movement for ease of installation. (See page 36 for Toeboard). Ø indicates the diameter of fixing holes.





TYPE	Tube ref.				mm										Kg
		D						Κ	L	М				Ø	
69-6	6	130	75	89	95	58	15	10	100	35	7	45	25	11	1.72
69-7	7	145	80	90	97	58	20	10	115	40	7	47	25	11	1.90
69-8	8	160	90	90	112	58	20	10	130	50	7	54	25	11	2.30

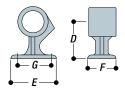
Rail Support



Designed to carry handrails along walls or to fix structures back to walls. The tube passes through the fitting and cannot be joined with the fitting. Type 70 is also used to attach toeboards to the base of guardrail uprights. Holes provided for countersunk flat head screw fixings only.



WARNING!: Type 70 fittings are not designed to be used as base flanges for full height guardrails or handrails.

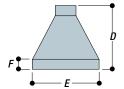


TYPE	Tube ref.		mm								
THE	A	D						Kg			
70-5	5	54	76	46	57	38	8	0.36			
70-6	6	58	88	40	70	38	8	0.44			
70-7	7	64	102	45	82	45	8	0.56			
70-8	8	70	108	52	82	58	8	0.78			

Weather Cap



Designed for roof guardrailing to ensure a weathertight seal for base fixing flanges. The weather cap is secured to the upright by means of a combined sealant adhesive. A separate information sheet detailing fixing instructions is available on request.



TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
ITFE		D			Kg
71-6	6	125	143	25	0.24
71-7	7	150	154	25	0.32
71-8	8	155	167	25	0.36

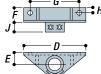
Stair Tread Support



Suitable for most types of stair tread, including timber, open steel and checker plate. Fixing of the tread is by two bolt holes in each fitting. (Special order only.) Ø indicates the diameter of fixing holes.

Caution

WARNING!: If Type 72 fittings are to be used for a permanent application or subjected to high loads, the stair tread support tube which is located at its ends with a single set screw, should be drilled and pinned to avoid rotational slip.

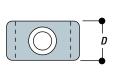


ТҮРЕ	Tube ref. A	D	E	F	mm <i>G</i>	Н	J	#	Kg
72-8	8	203	39	51	153	20	33	12	1.25

Collar



Commonly used to support another fitting if the latter is required to be left untightened, such as gate hinges. Type 75 is also useful when the loading on a structure exceeds the maximum permitted slip load for a socket set screw, as it provides additional support.



TYPE	Tube ref. A	mm D	Kg
75-4	4	22	0.05
75-5	5	25	0.13
75-6	6	26	0.13
75-7	7	25	0.15
75-8	8	25	0.19

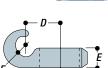




Hook

A fitting normally used for attachment of chains.





TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg		
ITPE	А	D			кy
76-5	5	28	25	28	0.17
76-6	6	35	25	13	0.21
76-7	7	40	25	40	0.23
76-8	8	41	25	13	0.24

Plastic Plug

A grey plastic plug to fit open ended

medium and heavy tubing only.

TYPE 79-7

Single Sided Clip

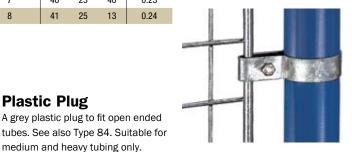
Sheeting Clip

diameter of bolt hole.

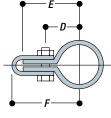
This fitting is used to attach profiled sheeting material to tube. The

fitting is supplied with the following hardware: one M6 x 50mm roofing bolt, on M6 square nut, and one M6 lock washer. BZP finish. Ø indicates

For attaching wire mesh infill. For economy, it is possible to use Type 81 clips without the safety attachment to secure various types of infill panels (plyboard, perspex, etc.) up to a thickness of 10mm. All clips are supplied with hexagonal head fixing bolts, M6 x 35mm long and nut. The primary clip has a slot measuring 8 x 15mm. Ø indicates diameter of the safety attachment bolt hole.



Note: For D and E dimensions the figures are given



← E — •	•
∳ − <i>D</i> −	
F	•

for the respective minimum and maximum dimensions allowed by the slotted hole.

TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Kg
IIIFE	Α					кy
81-5	5	24	39	56	7.5	0.07
81-6	6	27	42	59	7.5	0.08
81-7	7	32	47	64	7.5	0.08
81-8	8	34	49	66	7.5	0.09
81-9	9	40	55	72	7.5	0.10

Double Sided Clip For attaching wire mesh infill. For economy it is possible to use Type 82 clips without the safety attachment, to secure various types of infill

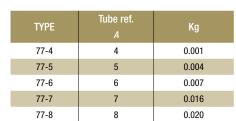
panels (plyboard, perspex, etc.) up

to a thickness of 10mm. All clips are

supplied with hexagonal head fixing

bolts, M6 x 35mm long, and nut. The primary clip has a slot measuring

Ø indicates diameter of the safety



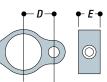
Eye Fitting

77-9

Used in conjunction with Type 83 fitting for gate hinges. Ø indicates diameter of pivot hole.

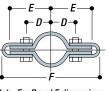
0.025





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm					
TIPE	А	D			Kg			
78-5	5	30	25	14	0.21			
78-6	6	33	26	14	0.25			
78-7	7	38	26	14	0.26			
78-8	8	41	26	14	0.28			





Note: For D and E dimensions the figures are given for the respective minimum and maximum dimensions allowed by the slotted hole.

TYPE	Tube ref. mm					Kg	
HFL	Α				Ø	ry	
82-5	5	24	39	112	7	0.11	
82-6	6	27	42	118	7	0.12	
82-7	7	32	47	128	7	0.13	
82-8	8	34	49	132	7	0.14	
82-9	9	40	55	144	7	0.14	

8mm x 15mm.

attachment bolt hole.



Pin Fitting

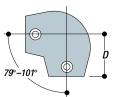
This fitting is used in conjunction with Type 78 for gate hinges.



п		TYPE	Tube ref.	mm			Va		
		ITFE	Α					Kg	
	+ D +	83-5	5	30	26	38	13	0.20	
F		83-6	6	33	25	38	13	0.25	
]•		83-7	7	38	25	38	13	0.29	
	Τ'	83-8	8	41	26	38	13	0.30	

Angle Elbow

Used to join the top rail to an end upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. Tube cannot be joined within this fitting.



TYPE	Tube ref. A	mm D	Kg
87-7	7	60	0.80
87-8	8	68	0.90

Malleable Plug

A metal drive-in plug which is difficult to remove when installed. For an alternative in plastic, see Type 77.

Note: This fitting can only be used with EN 10255 (ISO 65) medium weight tubing.



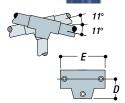


TYPE	iube ret. A	Kg
84-5	5	0.05
84-6	6	0.10
84-7	7	0.12
84-8	8	0.17
84-9	9	0.29

88

Three Socket Angle Tee

Used to join the top rail to an intermediate upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this fitting can be used to join two ends of rail.



TYPE	Tube ref.	m	Va	
HIPE	А	D		Kg
88-7	7	60	144	1.02
88-8	8	68	158	1.24
00-0	U	00	130	1.24

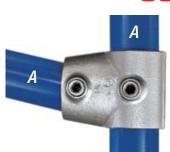
The Slope Range (86–89)

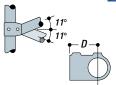
The slope range of fittings consists of fitting Types 86, 87, 88, 89. These fittings are designed to facilitate in-line railings with vertical posts on slopes with angles between 0° and 11°. They can be used to construct railings on access ramps for people with disabilities when used in conjunction with the **KEE LITE** Type L160 fitting.



86 Angle Tee

Used to join the middle rail to an upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. Tube cannot be joined within this fitting.

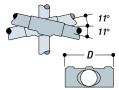




TYPE	Tube ref. <i>A</i>	mm D	Kg
86-7	7	60	0.55
86-8	8	68	0.76

Two Socket Angle Cross

Used to join the middle rail to an intermediate upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. The upright passes through the fitting.



TYPE	Tube ref.		mm	Va	
TIPE		В		Kg	
89-7	7	7	144	0.90	
89-8	8	8	158	0.93	
89-87	8	7	155	0.76	





TYPE 90-8

PGR Three Socket Tee

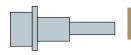
Type 90 is used to join the top rail to an intermediate upright.

The PGR Range (90-95)

These are known as Pedestrian Guardrail (PGR) fittings and are used as an alternative to Types 10, 15, 25 and 26 when the site is not straight and level. There is sufficient play within the fitting to negotiate a slope up to 7 degrees or a radius greater than 6 metres, when the uprights are 2 metre centres, using straight tube. They also allow damaged rails to be removed without dismantling the adjacent structure. The 90 to 95 range of fittings is available in size 8.

PGR Internal Spigot

Internal spigot designed to prevent sagging of bends when using the 90 to 95 range of fittings.



TYPE	Tube ref. A	Kg
95-8	8	0.46



PGR Two Socket Cross

1.77

Type 91 is used to join the mid-rail to an intermediate upright.

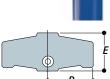


Set Screws

Socket set screws are supplied in all **KEE SAFETY** fittings as standard. **KEE KOAT**, applied as standard throughout the **KEE KLAMP** range, provides the set screws with up to four times the corrosion resistance of Bright Zinc Plating. For higher corrosion resistance, stainless steel screws are available to suit tube Ref. size 2 to 9.

TYPE	Tube ref. A	Size	
97-2	2	5/16" BSF	
97-3	3	5/16" BSF	
97-4	4	3/8" BSF	
97-5	5	ISO 228 1/4"	

TYPE	Tube ref.	Size
97-6	6	ISO 228 1/4"
97-7	7	ISO 228 3/8"
97-8	8	ISO 228 3/8"
97-9	9	ISO 228 3/8"

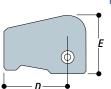


TYPE	lube lei.	111	Ka	
IIIL	Α			кy
91-8	8	99	89	1.80

PGR Elbow

Type 92 is used to join the top rail to an end post.





TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D E		Kg
92-8	8	99	89	1.29



Hex Key

Simple hex key. A/F refers to the dimension across the flats.



TYPE	To su	it tube	sizes	A/F
99-2	2	3		5/32"
99-4	4			3/16"
99-6	5	6		1/4"
99-7	7	8	9	5/16"



PGR Tee

Type 93 is used to join the mid-rail to an end post.

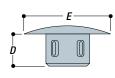


TYPE	Tube ref.	m	l Ka		
IIFL				ny	
93-8	8	99	89	1.20	



Plastic Set Screw Cap

Grey plastic set screw caps provide the perfect finishing touch to galvanised KEE KLAMP fittings. Secure push-in-fit application.



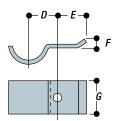
TYPE	Tube ref.	mm		
ITFE	Α			
100-5	5	6	16	To fit 97-5 set screw
100-6	6	6	16	To fit 97-6 set screw
100-7	7	6	16	To fit 97-7 set screw
100-8	8	6	16	To fit 97-8 set screw
100-9	9	6	16	To fit 97-9 set screw



05 Sheeting Clip without **Hardware**

This clip is used to attach profiled or flat sheeting. It is supplied with fixings. Ø indicates diameter of bolt hole.

Note: For use where fixing required is positional only. Clip is not intended to bear substantial load.

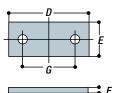


TYPE	Tube ref.		Va				
ITFE	Α	D					Kg
105-6	6	32	38	13	50	9	0.14
105-7	7	38	40	13	50	9	0.16
105-8	8	40	40	13	50	9	0.18
105-9	9	48	40	13	50	9	0.23

S115 Packer Plate for **Type 115**



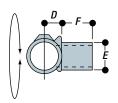
Type S115 allows the Type 115 fitting to be positioned in channels, slots and other offset areas. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



TYPE			mm			Va
TIPE	D					кy
S115	150	65	12	100	14	0.87

Swivel Tee

An internal swivel fitting, designed to accommodate varying angles on handrailing to staircases, ramps or bracing. Used in conjunction with Types 10, 15, 25 or 45. Eliminates the need for specially drilled angle fitting Type 27 and 28.



	TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg		
ı	ITPE	А	D			кy
	114-2	2	11	13	21	0.02
	114-6	6	23	33	29	0.36
	114-7	7	27	42	36	0.54
	114-8	8	30	49	41	0.64

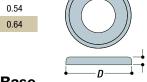
118 Cover Flange

This fitting slips over uprights to finish below ground post installations. The fitting is secured to the upright tube with a single recessed set screw.



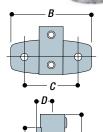
TVDE	Tube ref.	mm	

100



115 Horizontal Railing Base

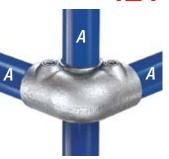
Type 115 is designed for palm fixing of guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket. Packer plates, Type S115, are available to allow the fitting to be positioned in channels, slots and other offset areas. Ø indicates diameter of fixing hole.



TYPE	Tube ref.			Kg					
IIFE			С						Ry
115-6									
115-7									
115-8	8	150	100	41	90	65	13	14	1.42

118-8

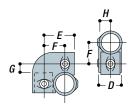
Corner Crossover



This fitting is designed to provide a 90° offset corner joint. When calculating the cutting lengths for tubing, dimension 'G' should be subtracted to give the tube length for the rails and dimension 'H' should be added to give the tube length for the upright.

0.40

Note: To obtain the true height of the upright the allowance for the base fittings must be included.

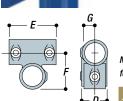


TVDE	Tube ref. mm A D E F G H							
ITPE	Α						Ny	
121-7	7	55	72	49	22	28	0.92	



Crossover Coupling

Designed to give a 90° offset crossover. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this KEE KLAMP fitting can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. For economy, it is possible to use a Type 45 in place of the 145, using the 145 only where a join in the tube occurs. When calculating the cutting lengths for tube, dimension 'G' should be added to give the tube length for the upright.

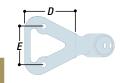


Note: To obtain the true height of the upright the allowance for the base fittings must be included.

TVDE	Tube ref.		mm						
HIFL	Α						кy		
145-7	7	55	72	49	22	28	0.92		

316 Parapet Flange

A component designed to retrofit roof parapets that are an unsafe height. Rail anchor is angled 25 degrees from the vertical so that the building's visage is unaffected by the implemented railing. Two holes are located in the top mounting bracket for fixing directly into the parapet. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater side-load stability to the angled upright. Engineered weep hole allows water to drain. Ø indicates diameter of fixing hole.



TYPE	Tube ref.		mm	Ka	
IIFE	Α				Kg
316-7	7	170	100	14	1.88
316-8	8	170	100	14	2.05

262

Round Base Flange

Sleek round base flange. A single fixing hole is hidden to create a more aesthetic look. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater upright stability. Ø indicates diameter of fixing hole.

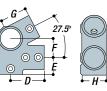


TYPE	Tube ref.		Va					
HIFE						ky		
262-8	8	116	89	10	14	0.96		



Eaves Fitting

The Type 350 fitting has been designed for small structural building applications and provides for significant load rating. When used with the Type 351 ridge fitting a truss arrangement for additional support can be achieved. Double set screws are provided on the truss outlet to provide additional pull out resistance to hold structures firmly together.



TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Va
TIPE	Α						Ny
350-8	8	83	42	47	67	60	1.19

265

Offset Rail Wall Flange

Side fixing for guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. Upright cannot drop through the socket. Designed for installations of rail that are offset from which it is being fixed. Ø indicates diameter of fixing hole.





TYPF	Tube ref.		Va				
ITPE	А						Kg
265-7	7	86	76	104	66	14	1.35
265-8	8	86	94	119	74	14	1.56

Ridge Fitting

Designed for small structural building applications and provides for significant load rating. When used with the Type 350 eaves fitting a truss arrangement for additional support can be achieved. Double set screws are provided on the downward truss outlet to provide additional pull out resistance and extra strength to the structure.



	TYPE	Tube ref.
	351-8	8
E		

Kee° Lite

Aluminium Safety Components

KEE LITE components are made from a high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy. The components are strong yet light, and extremely durable – even in harsh environments. They are only one-third the weight of iron fittings, with about 75% of comparable tensile strength. **KEE LITE** fittings are designed to suit BS EN755 tube.

KEE LITE components offer flexibility and can be used in a variety of applications, from contemporary to industrial: your imagination is the only limitation.

Because **KEE LITE** can be easily installed with a hex tool and tube cutters, there is no need for welding or specialist installation skills, saving you both time and money. **KEE LITE** is securely locked into place using recessed set screws that provide a sleek and smooth look to your railing system.

KEE LITE components are available for tube sizes 25, 32, 40 and 50 N.B.

Fittings by Function

Couplings

L14.....Straight

Crosses

L26.....Two Socket

L30.....30°-45° Adjustable

L35.....Three Socket

Crossovers

L45.....Crossover

L46.....Combination Socket Tee

Elbows

L15.....90°

L20.....Side Outlet

LB54Adjustable

Flanges

LC58.....Swivel

LM58......Male Wall Plate

L61.....Round

L62.....Standard Railing

L68.....Wall

L69.....Railing Flange with Toeboard Adaptor

L148......Heavy Duty Rectangular

L150.....Heavy Duty Four Hole
Square

L152.....Four Hole Square

L164.....Offset Wall

Brackets

L70.....Rail Support

L160.....Smooth Handrail Fitting 475.....Aluminium Wall Bracket

77Plastic

L84.....Aluminium

Combination Swivels

LC50......Single Combination

LF50.....Female Single

LM50.....Male Single

LC51......Double Combination

LM51.....Male Double

LC52......Corner Combination

LM52.....Male Corner

Tees

L10Single Socket

L19.....Adjustable Side Outlet

L21.....90° Side Outlet

L25.....Three Socket

L29.....30°-60° Single Socket

L46.....Combination Socket Tee

and Crossove

L114.....Swivel

Toeboard Kits

TBIToeboard

Miscellaneous

L69.....Railing Flange with

Toeboard Adaptor

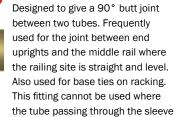
Gaskets...Neoprene Flange Gaskets



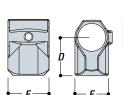




L10 Single Socket Tee



is required to be joined within the



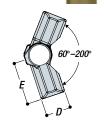
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm	Va	
TIPE	Α				Kg
L10-6	6	52	42	56	0.13
L10-7	7	65	53	64	0.20
L10-8	8	74	60	70	0.30
L10-9	9	90	74	82	0.48

fitting.

L19 Adjustable **Side Outlet Tee**

Used to form variable angle joints between 60° and 200°. Not designed to absorb bending loads at barrier intersection.

Note: Type L19 fittings are bagged in pairs and are weighed, priced, and sold as such.



Tube ref.	m	im	Va	
Α		Ε	Kg	
6	42	75	0.36	
7	53	90	0.58	
8	60	90	0.66	
	A 6 7	A D 6 42 7 53	A D E 6 42 75 7 53 90	

Straight Coupling

Designed to give an in-line joint between tubes of the same size. Frequently used to enable full tube lengths to be used in railing applications.

Note: It is not advisable to join the upper and lower rails of a railing within the same bay.

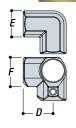


TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
ITPE		D E			Kg
L14-6	6	50	100	42	0.18
L14-7	7	59	130	53	0.38
L14-8	8	65	148	60	0.34

L20

Side Outlet Elbow

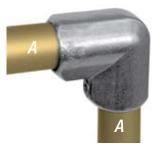
A 90° corner joint most frequently used for the top rail of safety railing. It can also be used for the corner joint of benches, work tables and other rectangular structures.



TYPE	Tube ref. <i>A</i>	D	mm <i>E</i>	F	Kg
L20-6	6	52	42	50	0.19
L20-7	7	65	53	59	0.35
L20-8	8	74	60	65	0.50

90° Elbow

A 90° elbow joint, most frequently used as an end joint for the top rail of safety railing on a level site.

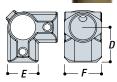


	E
--	---

TYPE	Tube ref.		Va		
ITFE		D			Kg
L15-6	6	52	42	56	0.14
L15-7	7	65	53	59	0.28
L15-8	8	74	60	65	0.40
L15-9	9	90	74	78	0.66

90° Side Outlet Tee

Most frequently paired with type L20 to give a 90 $^{\circ}$ corner joint for the middle rail of safety railing and other rectangular structures. The upright passes through the fitting.



TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
ITPE	А	D			Kg
L21-6	6	52	42	56	0.16
L21-7	7	65	53	64	0.30
L21-8	8	74	60	70	0.43



Three Socket Tee

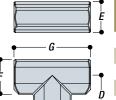


Commonly used as the 90° joint between the top rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this fitting can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. The Type L10 fitting can be used as an alternative when a join in the tube is not required.

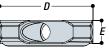


L30 30°-45° Adjustable **Cross**

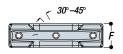
This adjustable fitting can be used for railing on staircases between the mid-rail and intermediate upright which is required to remain vertical. It can be used at any selected angle between 30° and 45°.



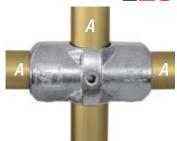
TYPE	Tube ref.		Va			
ITFE	Α				G	Kg
L25-6	6	52	42	50	104	0.21
L25-7	7	65	53	59	130	0.35
L25-8	8	74	60	65	148	0.51
L25-9	9	90	74	78	180	0.82



TYPF	Tube ref.		mm		Va
HIFE	А	D			кy
L30-7	7	215	53	54	0.52
L30-8	8	245	59	60	0.69



L26 Two Socket Cross

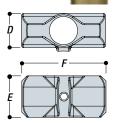


Usually paired with Type L25 to give a 90° joint between the middle rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. The upright passes through the fitting.

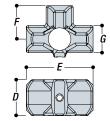


Three Socket Cross

Most frequently used to tie uprights with horizontal tube in three directions, all 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the fitting.

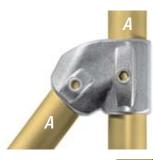


TYPE	Tube ref.	mm			Kg	
ITPE	А				кy	
L26-6	6	42	56	104	0.17	
L26-7	7	53	64	130	0.28	
L26-8	8	60	70	148	0.45	
L26-9	9	74	82	180	0.66	

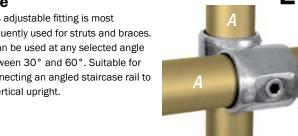


	TYPE	Tube ref.		Ka			
L	ITFE	Α					Ny
	L35-6	6	43	56	104	52	0.31

30°-60° Single Socket



This adjustable fitting is most frequently used for struts and braces. It can be used at any selected angle between 30° and 60°. Suitable for connecting an angled staircase rail to a vertical upright.

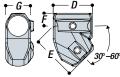




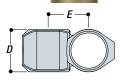
L45 Crossover

Designed to give a 90° offset crossover joint. Frequently used on safety railing utilising a continuous horizontal rail, minimising tube cuts to reduce costs. Type L45 may also be used to allow intermediate levels on racks.

Note: Tube cannot be joined with this fitting.



TYPE	Tube ref.		m	Κα		
TIPE	Α					ny .
L29-7	7	82	95	27	53	0.32
L29-8	8	93	108	30	59	0.41



TVDF	T	ube ref		m	m	Va	
TYPE			С	D		Kg	
L45-6	6			44	40	0.12	
L45-7	7			54	50	0.31	
L45-8	8			61	56	0.35	



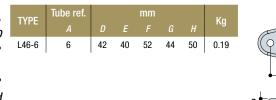
L46 Combination Socket **Tee and Crossover**

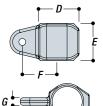


Used on racking to join horizontal carrying rails to the upright, leaving the socket to take a horizontal tube outside the upright. On pallet racking, it is preferable to have the carrying rails inside the upright.

LM50 Male Single Swivel **Socket Member**

The male portion of a swivel component combination. The fitting can also be used to attach flat panels to tubular structures.





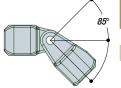
TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Kg
TIPE	Α						r.y
LM50-6	6	50	44	47	11	10	0.12
LM50-7	7	59	51	50	11	10	0.15
LM50-8	8	65	60	55	11	10	0.20

Single Swivel Socket

A complete combination swivel fitting, variable through 170°.



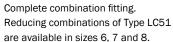
Note: Swivel fittings are not designed to resist bending loads. A structure should Caution not be designed entirely of swivel fittings as they will not provide sufficient stability for the structure.

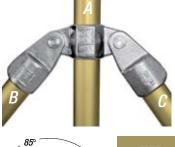


Ka		

LC51

Double Swivel Socket



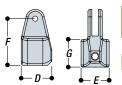


	TYPE		Tube ref		Va
\nearrow	TIPE			С	Kg
	LC51-666	6	6	6	0.57
	LC51-777	7	7	7	0.73
	LC51-888	8	8	8	0.85
85 °				,	



The female part of a swivel component combination.





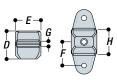
TYPE	Tube ref.		Va			
ITFE	Α					Kg
LF50-6	6	50	42	75	53	0.17
LF50-7	7	59	53	90	59	0.25
LF50-8	8	65	60	90	67	0.29

LM51

Male Double Swivel Socket Member



One half of a combination component. This component can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures.

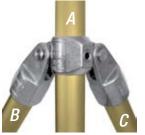


	ГҮРЕ	Tube ref.		mm							
	HILL	Α							Kg		
LI	M51-6	6	50	44	47	11	42	10	0.16		
LI	M51-7	7	59	51	50	11	53	10	0.20		
LI	M51-8	8	65	60	55	11	60	10	0.27		



LC52 Corner Swivel Socket

Complete combination component. Reducing combinations of Type LC52 are available in sizes 6, 7 and 8. See Type LM52 and Type LF50 for measurements.





LC58 Swivel Flange

A swivel fitting for attachment of angled tube to a flat surface. See Type LM58 and Type LF50 for measurements. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



Note: This fitting is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades.



0.59

0.73

0.85

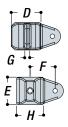
TYPE	Tube ref. <i>A</i>	mm Ø	Kg
LC58-6	6	11	0.34
LC58-7	7	11	0.40
LC58-8	8	11	0.60

LC52-888

LM52 Male Corner Swivel **Socket Member**

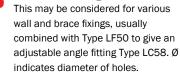


One half of a combination component. This component can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Ø indicates diameter of rivet holes.



TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg					
TIPE	Α							кy
LM52-6	6	50	44	47	11	42	10	0.16
LM52-7	7	59	51	50	11	53	10	0.23
LM52-8	8	65	60	55	11	60	10	0.27

Swivel Flange Plate





ТҮРЕ			mm			Rivet hole dia. (mm)	Fixing hole dia. (mm)	Kg
	D					Ø	Ø	
LM58	86	34	8	53	45	10	11	0.17

LB54 Adjustable Elbow

A swivel fitting designed as an in-line variable angle connection, adjustable from 45° to 200°. Nut and bolt included.



F	
45°-200° D E	

TYPE	Tube ref.		mm	Va	
HIFE	Α				Kg
LB54-666	6	50	42	100	0.35
LB54-777	7	58	55	119	0.65
LB54-888	8	65	60	131	0.73

Flange

This flange, with holes provided for countersunk head fixing screws only, is used in structures where the fixing required is positional only. Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

WARNING!: It is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades (see Type 62).



TYPE	Tube ref.	mm								
TIPE	A							Kg		
L61-6	6	41	50	8	100	49	6	0.21		
L61-7	7	53	55	8	110	61	6	0.29		
L61-8	8	60	60	8	120	67	6	0.32		



L62 Standard Railing Flange



The Type L62 flange should always be used to fix down guardrail and balustrades. Holes are of sufficient diameter to give a good fixing with either a mechanical or chemical anchor. Two set screws in the vertical socket give greater stability to the upright. It is recommended that the fixing holes in the flange be in-line with the applied load. The tube is able to pass through the base of the fitting. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

		à
(×	
4		A

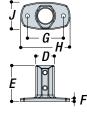
L70 Rail Support

This fitting, with holes provided for countersunk head screw fixings only, is designed to carry handrails along walls or to fix structures back to walls. The tube passes through the fitting and cannot be joined within the fitting. Type 70 is also used to attach toeboards to the base of guardrail uprights.

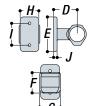
Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



WARNING!: Type 70 fittings are not designed to be used as base flanges for full height guardrails or handrails.



	TVDE	Tube ref.	mm								
		А								Kg	
	L62-6	6	42	90	9	89	128	75	14	0.35	
	L62-7	7	55	90	9	102	140	82	14	0.50	
	L62-8	8	62	90	9	115	160	84	14	0.56	



	TYPE	Tube ref.	mm DEFGHIJØ								
١	ITFE	Α									Kg
'	L70-6	6	60	92	50	50	45	68	10	8	0.20
	L70-7	7	68	105	59	60	54	81	10	8	0.34
	L70-8	8	75	115	65	66	60	91	10	8	0.45

I 68 Wall Flange



Side palm flange for fixing guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket.

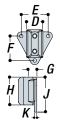
Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

Note: If the upright is required to pass through the fitting by machining out the base stop, the bottom fixing hole becomes unusable.



Metal Plug

A metal drive-in plug. For proper insertion, a rubber mallet should be used. The metal plug is difficult to remove once installed.



TVDE	Tube ref.	mm D E F G H J K Ø									
TIFL	A	D				Н	J	K	Ø	Kg	
L68-6	6	42	71	64	24	75	101	8	11	0.24	
L68-7	7									0.35	
L68-8	8	60	96	92	31	100	128	8	11	0.43	



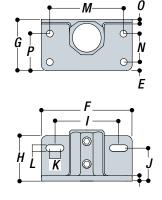
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm	Va	
ITPE	А		D E		Kg
L84-6	6	34	31	6	0.02
L84-7	7	43	31	6	0.05
L84-8	8	49	31	6	0.05
		•			•

Railing Flange with Toeboard Adaptor



The L69 railing flange has been designed for guardrail and balustrades and allows attachment of a toeboard to the base. The base plate holes are of sufficient diameter to allow for attachment with either a mechanical or chemical anchor; the side plates have slotted holes to allow for a degree of sideways movement for ease of installation. A toeboard designed for use with Type L69 railing flange is available from **KEE SAFETY**. (See page 36.) Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

TVDE	Tube ref. ⊿	e ref. mm A D E F G H I J K L M N O P Ø									Va					
	Α								K		M	N				ĸy
L69-7	7	10	15	145	80	80	96	58	20	11	115	40	8	51	11	0.64
L69-8	8	10	15	160	90	80	96 112	58	20	11	130	50	8	57	11	0.75

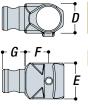




L114 Swivel Tee

An internal swivel fitting designed to accommodate varying angles on handrail, staircases, ramps or bracing. Used in conjunction with types L10, L15, L25 or L45, it eliminates the need for specialty drilled angle fittings.





TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg			
1115	Α					
L114-6	6	43	56	45	32	0.18
L114-7	7	53	64	43	40	0.27
L114-8	8	60	70	46	40	0.34

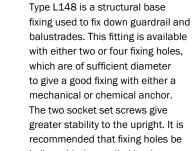
L152 Four Hole Square **Flange**

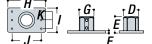
A four point fixing flange. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



- H →	TYPE	Tube ref.			m	m			Kg
\bigcap G		Α							
	L152-6	6	50	46	6	76	52	8	0.16
	L152-7	7	59	55	8	85	61	11	0.27
D →	L152-8	8	65	65	8	92	67	11	0.31
E									

L148 Heavy Duty **Rectangular Flange**



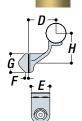


in-line with the applied load. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

TYPE	Tube ref.		mm									
	A					Н			K			
L148-9/2	9	78	87	12	77	198	130	153	45	18	1.13	
L148-9/4	9	78	87	12	77	198	130	153	45	14	1.13	

L160 Smooth Handrail **Fitting**

Designed to provide attachment for a smooth handrail. The fitting swivels during installation, allowing the handrail to be placed at any angle. The fitting is supplied as a kit including fasteners.



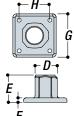
TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Kg
	А						
L160-7	7	59	40	10	40	64	0.11
L160-8	8	59	40	8	40	67	0.10

L150

Heavy Duty Four Hole Square Flange



A heavy duty, four point fixing flange. Ideal when a structural fixing is required. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.

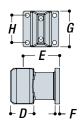


•	TYPE	Tube ref.			m	ım			Kg	
G		Α						Ø		
<i>G</i>	L150-8	8	65	76	13	127	89	11	0.73	

L164

Offset Wall Flange

This component is designed for palm fixing of uprights to steel channels, walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



Tube ref.			m	ım			Kg
Α							
8	65	102	13	102	76	11	0.85
,							
	Α		A D E	A D E F	A D E F G	A D E F G H	A D E F G H Ø



475 Aluminium Wall Bracket



Designed to provide attachment for a smooth handrail which complies with DDA. Countersunk 6mm diameter holes are provided for mounting. Designed for use with size 7 tube. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes in mm

Ě	D D
G	F
	4

TVDE	Tube ref.			mm			Va
ITPE	Tube Tel.					Ø	Ny
475-40	7	89	6	80	83	7	0.26



Neoprene Gaskets

Gaskets are available to prevent the corrosion associated with lime in concrete. The gaskets have more resistance than natural rubber to sunlight, ozone and oxidation. Neoprene is heat resistant and does not soften as natural rubber does under severe exposure. Gasket part numbers correspond to **KEE LITE** flange and base components as follows:

LG58	LG61-8	LG62-8	LG68-8	LG70-6	LG148-9	LG152-7
LG61-6	LG62-6	LG68-6	LG69-7	LG70-7	LG150-8	LG152-8
LG61-7	LG62-7	LG68-7	LG69-8	LG70-8	LG152-6	LG164-8





Kee° Access

DDA Components

The **KEE ACCESS** range of tubular fittings is designed specifically to meet the requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act (DDA), the Building Regulations Part M and British Standard BS 8300. The **KEE ACCESS** components provide a cost-effective solution for handrail installations on both new and refurbishment projects.

KEE ACCESS components have been designed to give a smooth handrail with size 7 tube (outside diameter 42.2mm). All fittings can be powder coated in a choice of RAL colours to meet the visibility and 'not cold to the touch' requirements of the DDA.

KEE ACCESS is ideal for creating new barriers, but the system can also be used as a retrofit solution, due to its add-on components which allow a new handrail to be added on to existing railing systems.

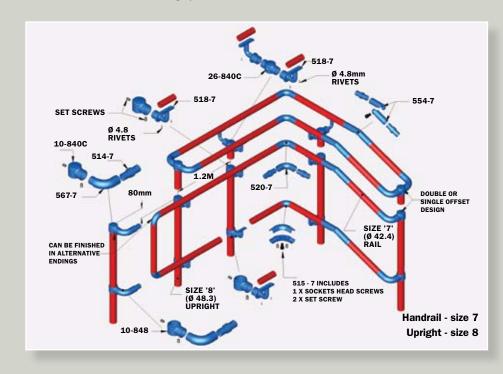
Engineering

The modular **KEE ACCESS** components are designed to suit BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) steel tubes. Components are made of galvanised cast iron to BS EN ISO 1461 for long-term maintenance; they are also available with polyester coating in any RAL colour. Any **KEE ACCESS** Railing System can be easily installed with a hex tool and tube cutters, and is therefore easily assembled without specialised workers or equipment, saving you both time and money.

KEE SAFETY has a solution for every environment and situation. **KEE KLAMP** components can be implemented alongside **KEE ACCESS** components to create a complete line of complementary galvanised components. Send us your drawings, sketches or layout for a complete detailed proposal.

KEE ACCESS Basic Assembly

How these components work together to give you the most durable and flexible DDA-compliant railing system available.





Fittings by Function

Coupling

514-7....Internal

Elbows

5	15-7 90° Split
5	20-7 90° Solid
5	54-7Variable Angle
5	65-7Wall Mounted End Return
5	67-7 End Post Handrail Retur

Handrail Wall Bracket

518-7Galvanised Inset
561-7Wall
565-7Wall Mounted End Return
570-7Galvanised Mounted

Tees/Sockets

((32mm)
10-840C	Single Handrail Capp
10-848	Single Handrail
A10-848	Add-on Split Single
	Handrail (38mm)
26-840	Twin Handrail

A10-748 Add-on Single Handrail

26-840C Iwin Handrali Capped	1
555-8Top Fix Rail Assembly	

Aluminium Joints

410-8Upright connecto	or
418-40 Handrail Bracket	t

Miscellaneous

84-848	Upright Top Cap
508-7	Gan Washer



A10-748 Add-on Single Handrail Socket 32mm

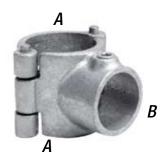


The unique "hinge and pin" system of this socket tee enables existing structures to be easily modified without the need for dismantling. Hinges around existing size 7, or 32 N.B. tube.

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-	<u> </u>
\perp $_{r}$ \perp	

TYPE	Tube ref.		m	Va	
					кy
A10-748	7	stub	76	53	0.28

A10-848 Add-on Single Handrail Socket



The unique "hinge and pin" system of this socket tee enables existing structures to be easily modified without the need for dismantling. Hinges around existing size 8, or 40 N.B. tube.



TYPE	Tube ref.		m	Va	
TYPE			D		, ky
A10-848	8	stub	82	55	0.30

10-840C Single Handrail Socket Capped



Capped 90° socket tee designed for use at the termination of an upright where a handrail socket needs to be joined.



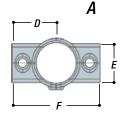
TYPF	Tube ref.		mm		Va
TTPE			D		ĸy
10-840C	8	stub	55	85	0.41

26-840

Twin Handrail Socket

Fitting slips over upright to create two handrail sockets at 90°.



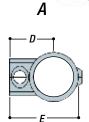


TYPE	Tube ref.		mm			Va
ITPE			D			Kg
26-840	8	stub	55	48	110	0.44

A

Single Handrail Socket

A 'tee' component used for new builds as an interface between uprights and the **KEE ACCESS** fittings. For upgrading size 7 and size 8 systems see A10-748 and A10-848.



TYPE	Tube ref.		m	Ka	
ITFE	Α	В			кy
10-848	8	stub	55	85	0.38

26-840C Twin Handrail Socket Capped



Capped fitting for use at the termination of an upright to create two handrail sockets at 90° from the upright.

A

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TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va	
		В				, Ny
26-840C	8	stub	55	48	110	0.50



84-848 Upright Top Cap

515-7 90° Split Elbow



A metal drive-in plug which is difficult to remove when installed. The 84-848 is a cap for the open ends of size 8 uprights and covers the top of a 10-848 tee fitting. KEE KLAMP Types 77-7, 77-8, 84-7 or 84-8 could also be used, but do only cap the tube, not the tube as well as the component. This fitting can only be used with EN 10255 Medium Tube.

A 90° corner elbow consisting of two separate pieces, 515-7T and 515-7B, which are joined by a centrally positioned screw. The combined fitting is positioned with the ends inside the adjoining handrails, and the outer grubscrews tightened. This forces the halves apart, gripping the inside of the tube. The central screw is then tightened, locking the fitting in place.



TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
515-7B	7	34	0.84

508-7

514-7

Optional Gap Washer

A rubber gasket for use with size 7 components. Comes only in black.

Internal Coupling

Designed especially for DDA railing,

this internal coupling can be powder

coupling design allows handrail to be

coated (unlike our Type 18 fitting).

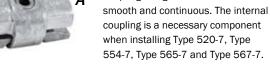
The inset hex screw and precise



518-7 Handrail Bracket



An intermediate upright handrail support. This bracket is designed to be mounted on a Type 10-848, 10-848C, 26-840 and 26-840C or a Type A10 fitting; the rail sits on the saddle and is secured by either Ø4.8mm x 15mm long aluminium 'multi-grip' pop rivets or No. 10 x 20mm countersunk self-tapping screws. Ø indicates diameter of rivet holes





TYPE	Tube ref.		Tube ref. mm			Kg
	Α					, ky
518-7	7	socket	51	30	5	0.49



TYPE	Tube ref.	mm		Va
	Α			, ky
514-7	7	74	25	0.38

90° Solid Elbow

An alternative elbow to Type 515, two piece fitting. The elbow is designed to be joined to the handrails using two Type 514-7 internal couplings.



$D \rightarrow$	TYPE	Tube ref.	
		A	D
	520-7	7	80
III			

30

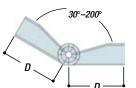
0.40



Variable Angle

A variable angle elbow for changes in elevation. This elbow allow for flexibility within particular designs or plans. The elbow is joined to rails using two Type 514-7 internal couplings.





TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
554-7	7	108	0.33

565-7 Wall Mounted End Return



A wall mounted handrail return bracket. Bracket is joined to handrail using Type 514-7 coupling. Three fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit No. 14 csk screws. Ø indicates diameter of fixing



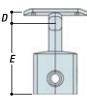
TYPE	Tube ref.		Va			
	A					кy
565-7	7	82	86	90	7	0.67

555-8 Top Fix Rail Assembly

Is an in-line, adjustable angle, single top-rail mounted component for use where a guidance handrail is required and where there is no need for a twin-rail guardrail style system. Saddle has a variable angle of 60° from the vertical.

Ø indicates diameter of rivet holes.

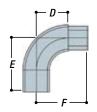




TYPE	Tube ref.			Va		
	Α		D			Ny
555-8	8	7	13	89	5	0.50
000 0	"	•	10	00	Ü	0.00

567-7 End Post Handrail Return

A handrail return bracket for use when mounting railing to an upright. This handrail is mounted to an upright using a handrail socket. Join the return handrail using Type 514-7 internal coupling.



TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg			
	Α					Ny
567-7	7	82	86	90	7	0.67

561-7 Wall Flange

A wall mounted hand rail end flange. Four fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit 6mm diameter flat head wood screws. Joins to rail with Type 514-7 Internal Coupling. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



F		TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Vα
	M		Α			Ø	кy
↓	┙.	561-7	7	90	40	7	0.35

570-7 Wall Mounted Handrail **Bracket**

A wall mounted version of the 518-7. The handrail tube sits on the 'saddle' and is secured using either No. 10 self-drilling screws or multi-grip pop rivets. This bracket provides holes for countersunk head fixing screws only. Three fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit 6mm diameter csk screws. Ø indicates diameter of fixing holes.



_									
_ T D - T	TYPE	Tube ref.			m	m			Kg
F									ny .
/PS 1 1 PS	570-7	7	88	63	82	90	25	7	0.67
F	G								



Alternative Aluminium Solutions for DDA Handrails

For customers who need handrail installations complying with the Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) and at the same time wish to achieve a more aesthetic look, **KEE SAFETY** offers alternative connection joints, 410-8 and 418-40.

Both components are made from aluminium and can be used on new or retrofitted structures.

410-8 Upright Connector

Upright connector for 418-40 Handrail Bracket. Made from High Grade Aluminium Alloy. Connects to upright with an M6 BoxBolt.



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TYPE	Tube ref.	mm		
	А			Kg
410-8	8	44	40	0.08



418-40 Handrail Bracket

Handrail Bracket used with 410-8. Made from High Grade Aluminium Alloy. Handrail tube secured to bracket by means of either rivets or self-tapping screws.



TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m	Va	
					Ng	
418-40	7	8	27	85	0.14	





Accessories





Toeboard

Set Screws



Socket set screws are supplied in all KEE SAFETY fittings as standard. All set screws are coated with our unique **KEE KOAT** and have four times greater time and corrosion resistance than the bright zinc plated grub screws.

TYPE	Tube ref. A	Sizes
97-2	2	5/16" BSF
97-3	3	5/16" BSF
97-4	4	3/8" BSF
97-5	5	ISO 228 1/4"
97-6	6	ISO 228 1/4"
97-7	7	ISO 228 3/8"
97-8	8	ISO 228 3/8"
97-9	9	ISO 228 3/8"



Used with fitting Type L69 Railing Flange. The toeboard is 102mm high and is made of aluminium. A channel in the toeboard accepts the bolt head of the mounting hardware, allowing ease in placement. Toeboard is sold by the linear metre. It can be supplied adonised if required. Mounting hardware is available separately.

Ratchet Set



Reversible ratchet for easier fastening of grub screws (1/2" Drive, 20cm long). Ratchet Handle and Hexagon Bits are supplied separately. A/F refers to the dimensions across the flats.

TYPE	Tube ref.	Sizes
98		Ratchet Handle (1/2" drive, 8" long)
98-5	5	Hexagon Bit (1/4" AF)
98-6	6	Hexagon Bit (1/4" AF)
98-7	7	Hexagon Bit (5/16" AF)
98-8	8	Hexagon Bit (5/16" AF)
98-9	9	Hexagon Bit (5/16" AF)

In-fill Panels

Panels in a variety of materials, sizes and finishes. The standard 50mm x 50mm Weld Mesh is available in either Galvanised or Powder Coated finish. Maximum panel size is 240cm x 120cm. Smaller opening are also available (25mm x 25mm or 50mm x 50mm).

KEE SAFETY also offer made-to-order Vertical Bar Infill which is stronger than welded mesh and is normally fabricated from 12mm solid bar welded at 100mm centres. This complies with the 100mm sphere rule stated in BS 6180:1995, Clause 5.3. Perforated or solid infill is also available.



Hex Key



Simple hex key. A/F refers to the dimension across the flats.

← A/F ←	•
]

TYPE	To suit tube sizes			A/F
99-2	2	3		5/32"
99-4	4			3/16"
99-6	5	6		1/4"
99-7	7	8	9	5/16"

Modules



Preassembled modules make for a simple and quick assembly or installation of your project. Provides constant barrier heights and lengths. Made to suit individual project requirements. A standard set is also available.



Safety Barrier Systems



Meet every Safety Loading Standard up to 1500 Newtons per Metre (N/m) in practically every location

Simple to Design and Specify

The modular **KEE SAFETY** systems securely join standard sizes of structural tube in almost any configuration you can imagine.

Assembled on site, **KEE SAFETY** guardrailing will accommodate most variations between design drawings and site requirements.

Cost-Effective to Install

Low skill, no welding, no special tools required. All components slip over tube, and can be adjusted to the required level and positioned before tightening with a simple hex key.

Widest Range of Components for Structural Tube

Just sketch out the guardrail you want to construct and check the fittings you require. Combination fittings optimise the strength to weight ratio and cost of any structure, enabling different diameters of tube to be used.

Meet Specified Loadings up to 1500 N/m

Use the Loading Tables on page 39 to select the appropriate tube size, grade, and the 'bay size' for the guardrailing uprights. The same design loading can be achieved by using either stronger uprights and wider bays, or lighter uprights set closer together.

Unrivalled Technical Support

KEE SAFETY offer practical assistance over the telephone or by fax, or, if required, will check your designs or drawings for compliance with current Safety Standards.

Kee Safety Technical Support

Tel: +44 (0) 118 931 1022 Fax: +44 (0) 118 931 1146

Email: sales@keesafety.com www.keesafety.com

Kee[®] Safety

In Line Construction

LEVEL

The universal guardrailing solution.



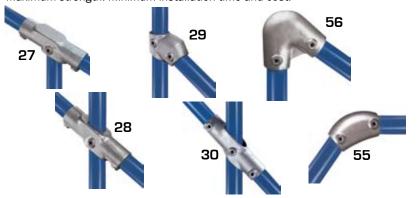
RAMPS

Unique 0° to 11° range for in-line construction. Non-handed fittings allow consistent alignment



STAIRS

Maximum strength. Minimum installation time and cost.



PEDESTRIAN GUARDRAILING

Complies with BS 7818 Clause 2.4. Each railing is individually replaceable offering large cost savings when repair is necessary.











Meeting Safety Standards



360 Newtons per metre run (N/m)

Industrial Use-Non Emergency

Commercial Use

740 Newtons per metre run (N/m)

1500 Newtons per metre run (N/m) Retail/Public Access

The current regulations give various design requirements to be fulfilled of which the Design Load is the most important.

Kee Klamp Load Chart

Tube Size	6 3.2mm	7 3.2mm	7 4mm	8 3.2mm	8 4mm	8 5mm	9 3.65mm	9 4.5mm
Grade	BS EN 10255 Medium	BS EN 10255 Medium	BS EN 10255 Heavy	BS EN 10255 Medium	BS EN 39	EN 10210 S355 JOH	BS EN 10255 Medium	BS EN 10255 Heavy
Design Load Criteria				Upright Heigh	nt 900mm			
360 N/m	814mm (4.44KN)	1369mm (6.52KN)	1595mm (7.60KN)	1828mm (7.73KN)	2584mm (10.92KN)	3052mm (12.90KN)	3265mm (13.80KN)	3856mm (14.75KN)
740 N/m	396mm (4.44KN)	666mm (6.52KN)	776mm (7.60KN)	889mm (7.73KN)	1257mm (10.92KN)	2229mm (19.36KN)	1588mm (13.80KN)	1876mm (14.75KN)
1500 N/m	195mm (4.44KN)	329mm (6.52KN)	383mm (7.60KN)	439mm (7.73KN)	620mm (10.92KN)	1100mm (19.36KN)	784mm (13.80KN)	925mm (14.75KN)
Design Load Criteria		Upright Height 1000mm						
360 N/m	732mm (4.44KN)	1232mm (6.52KN)	1435mm (7.60KN)	1645mm (7.73KN)	2326mm (10.92KN)	2930mm (13.76KN)	2939mm (13.80KN)	3470mm (14.75KN)
740 N/m	356mm (4.44KN)	599mm (6.52KN)	698mm (7.60KN)	800mm (7.73KN)	1131mm (10.92KN)	2006mm (19.36KN)	1430mm (13.80KN)	1688mm (14.75KN)
1500 N/m	176mm (4.44KN)	296mm (6.52 KN)	345mm (7.60KN)	395mm (7.73KN)	558mm (10.92KN)	990mm (19.36 KN)	705mm (13.80 KN)	833mm (14.75 KN)
Design Load Criteria	Upright Height 1100mm							
360 N/m	666mm (4.44KN)	1120mm (6.52KN)	1305mm (7.60KN)	1496mm (7.73KN)	2114mm (10.92KN)	2778mm (14.35KN)	2671mm (13.80KN)	3155mm (14.75KN)
740 N/m	324mm (4.44KN)	545mm (6.52KN)	635mm (7.60KN)	728mm (7.73KN)	1028mm (10.92KN)	1824mm (19.36KN)	1300mm (13.80KN)	1535mm (14.75KN)
1500 N/m	160mm (4.44KN)	269mm (6.52KN)	313mm (7.60KN)	359mm (7.73KN)	507mm (10.92KN)	900mm (19.36KN)	641mm (13.80KN)	757mm (14.75KN)

Base upon rail diameter being the same as the upright but using BS EN 10255 medium wall tubing.

Design Loads are as stated in BS 8118, BS 6180, BS 6399 & BS 7818. The above bay sizes are based upon using the **KEE KLAMP** Type 62 base fitting fixed perpendicular to the line of the handrails.

The figures shown in brackets are the required anchor pull out loads for the bay size indicated after all reduction factors have been applied.

Kee Lite Load Chart

Tube Size	6 3.38mm	7 3.56mm	8 4.05mm	9 4.06mm	
Grade	6082 T6	6082 T6	6082 T6	6082 T6	
Design Load Criteria		Upright Heig	tht 900mm		
360 N/m	720mm	1388mm	1879mm	2490mm	
740 N/m	N/A	N/A	1220mm	1940mm	
Design Load Criteria		Upright Heigl	ht 1000mm		
360 N/m	540mm	1117mm	1664mm	2370mm	
740 N/m	N/A	N/A	950mm	1690mm	
Design Load Criteria	Upright Height 1100mm				
360 N/m	400mm	871mm	1398mm	2205mm	
740 N/m	N/A	N/A	730mm	1400mm	

Notes

- The table is based on the maximum permissible bending moment of the tube
- All rails are the same tube size as uprights but in BS EN 10255 medium grade tube
- Where tube is to be used to form ground sockets:
 Tube size 6 fits inside tube size 7 medium grade only
 Tube size 8 fits inside tube size 9 all grades.

Based upon rail diameter being the same size & grades as the upright.

Design Loads are as stated in BS 8118, BS 5950, BS 6180, BS 6399 & BS 7818.

To achieve bigger bay sizes than those stated please contact Kee Safety Ltd for further details.

KEE LITE components are made from high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy.

- Recommended set screw torque is 39Nm
- Minimum slip load capacity on aluminium tube:
 7.56KN (safety factor = 2 with tube having a minimum UTS of 275 N/mm²)
- Large grubscrews are designed to resist thread stripping
- The core range of KEE LITE fittings has undergone independent testing by TÜV.

Kee[®] Safety

Assembly and Installation

Straight and Level Guard Rail

Using Types 10, 15, 20, 21, 25, & 26 or L10, L15, L20, L21, L25, & L26

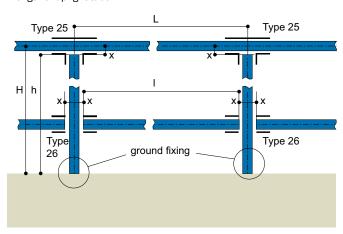
Where:

L = distance between centres of uprights

I = length of horizontal tube

H = distance from ground to centre line of top rail

h = length of upright tube



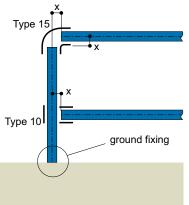


Table 1 gives details of dimension 'x' in the formula:

I = L - 2x

To calculate rail lengths and uprights use the formula:

 $h = H - x \pm (ground fixing)*$

Table 1: Dimension 'x' for fittings shown above, including Types 35, 40 and L35*

Fitting Size	x (mm)
2	-10
3	-12
4	-13
5	-14
6	-17
7	-22
8	-25
9	-30

Note: When reducing fittings are being used care must be taken to use the correct 'x' dimension. (i.e., Type 10-87, vertical tube size 8, horizontal tube size 7. To find the correct length of the horizontal tube, the length 'x' is that for the size 8 vertical tube.)

When using Types 35 and 40 the above 'x' dimension should be used.

Although guardrailing is normally constructed in size 6, 7 and 8 tube, Table 1 shows the cutting length for all **KEE KLAMP** tube sizes, and can therefore be applied to many other rectangular structures.

*When using **KEE LITE** bases, L61, L62, L69, L140, L150 and L152, "ground fixing" dimension will be zero.

Guardrailing up Slopes 0°-45°

Using Machined Fittings, Types 27, 28 & 29

Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. ramps and stairways, (i) dimension 'x' to be subtracted from the upright centres dimension measured on the slope to give rail length. (I = L - 2x); (ii) dimension 'y' to be added to the centre dimension to give the length of the upright (h = H + Y + ground fixing).

Note: between angles of 30° and 45° Type 29 fitting may be used to terminate the handrail, but for angles of less than 30° use a Type 10 with the rail bent to fit

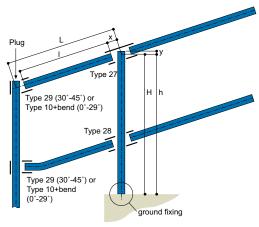


Table 2 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between 0° and 45°.

Table 2: Rails

Angle of Slope	Size 6 Fittings: 'x' (mm)	Size 7 Fittings: 'x' (mm)	Size 8 Fittings: 'x' (mm)
0° to 4°	-19	-22	-25
5° to 9°	-22	-25	-28
10° to 11°	-25	-28	-30
15°	-25	-32	-35
20°	-28	-32	-38
35°	-32	-35	-41
30°	-35	-41	-44
35°	-38	-44	– 51
40°	-41	-48	-57
45°	-48	-54	-63

Table 3 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, where angles are between 0° and 45° .

Table 3: Uprights

Angle of Slope	Size 6 Fittings: 'y' (mm)	Size 7 Fittings: 'y' (mm)	Size 8 Fittings: 'y' (m)
0° to 4°	+19	+22	+25
5° to 9°	+16	+19	+22
10° to 11°	+16	+16	+19
15°	+13	+16	+19
20°	+13	+13	+16
35°	+9	+13	+16
30°	+9	+13	+13
35°	+9	+9	+13
40°	+6	+9	+9
45°	+6	+6	+9



Guardrailing up Slopes 0°-11°

Using Types 86, 87, 88 and 89 — size 8 only

Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. ramps and stairways, (i) dimension 'x' to be subtracted from the upright centre dimension measured on the slope to give rail length. (I = L - 2x); (ii) dimension 'y' to be added to the centre dimension to give the length of the upright (H = h + y + ground fixing).

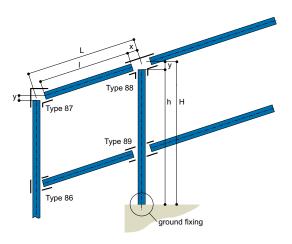


Table 4 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between 0° and 11° .

Table 4: Rails

Angle of Slope	Size 8 Fittings 'x' (mm)
0° to 4°	-25
5° to 9°	-28
10° to 11°	-30

Table 5 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, where angles are between 0° and 11° .

Table 5: Uprights

Angle of Slope	Size 8 Fittings 'y' (mm)
0° to 4°	-25
5° to 9°	-28
10° to 11°	-30

Guardrailing up Slopes 30°-45°

Using Adjustable Fittings, Types 29, 30, 55 & 56 or Types L29 & L30 size 6, 7 and 8

Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. stairways (i) dimension x, y, or z to be subtracted from the upright centres: dimension (L), to give the rail length; (ii) dimension u, v and w for determining the upright length.

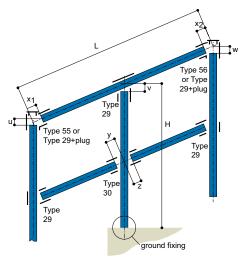


Table 6 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between 30° and 45°.

Table 6: Rails

Angle		ze 6 Fitti	ng	Si	ze 7 Fitti	ng	Si	ze 8 Fitti	ng
of Slope	x (mm)	y (mm)	z (mm)	x (mm)	y (mm)	z (mm)	x (mm)	y (mm)	z (mm)
30°	-31	-54	-36	-40	-64	-41	-45	-77	-54
35°	-34	-51	-39	-44	-61	-44	-50	-73	-57
40°	-37	-48	-42	-48	-57	-48	-55	-64	-61
45°	-43	-45	-45	-54	-53	-52	-61	-65	-66

Table 7 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, where angles are between $30\,^\circ$ and $45\,^\circ.$

Table 7: Uprights

Angle	Siz	ze 6 Fitti	ng	Si	ze 7 Fitti	ng	Siz	ze 8 Fitti	ng
of Slope	u (mm)	v (mm)	w (mm)	u (mm)	v (mm)	w (mm)	u (mm)	v (mm)	w (mm)
30°	+ 36	-31	+ 24	+ 44	-40	+ 29	+46	-45	+ 33
35°	+ 42	-34	+ 18	+ 52	-44	+ 21	+ 55	-50	+24
40°	+ 49	-37	+ 11	+ 61	-48	+ 12	+65	-55	+ 14
45°	+ 58	-43	+ 2	+ 71	-54	+ 2	+ 77	-61	+ 2

Table 8 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths.

Table 8: Uprights and rails using Types 55 and 56 - Size 8 only

Angle	u (mm)	x ₁ (mm)	w (mm)	x ₂ (mm)
20° to 29°	-18	-18	-50	-50
30° to 39°	-16	-16	-60	-60
40° to 49°	-14	-14	-70	-70
50° to 59°	-12	-12	-	-
60° to 69°	-10	-10	-	-
70° to 79°	-8	-8	-	-
80° to 88°	-6	-6	-	-



Shelving

Using Type 46 or L46

Shelving with carrying rails positioned on the outside of the upright.

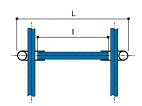


Table 9 gives the dimension 'x' to be subtracted from overall shelf width 'L' to give the length of the cross rail in the formula I = L - x. (Dimension x accounts for the use of two Type 46 or L46 fittings.)

Table 9

Fitting Size	x (mm)
4	-98
5	-134
6	-162
7	-196
8	-228
9	-276

Construction of Braces and Struts

Using Types C50, C51, C52 & C53 or LC50, LC51 & LC52

When using multiple tube sizes in one structure, Types F50-5 to F50-9 or LF50-6 to LF50-8 can all be combined with:

M50-5 to M50-9 LM50-6 to LM50-8 M51-5 to M51-9 LM51-6 to LM51-8 M52-5 to M52-8 LM52-6 to LM52-8

M53-8

to construct combination fittings (i.e. C50-75, C50-85, C51-655, C52-855 and C53-888).

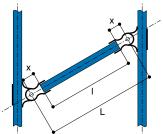


Table 10 gives details of dimension 'x' to be subtracted to give the tube length required for use with two Type F50 or LF50 fittings in the formula I-L-2x.

Table 10

Fitting Size	x (mm)
4	- 14
5	– 25
6	– 25
7	– 25
8	– 25
9	- 32

Note: Dimension 'L' is the length from pivot point to pivot point. The distance from upright to upright is dependent on the angle of the strut.

Pallet Racking

Using Type 46 or L46

Pallet racking with the carrying rails on the inside of the upright.

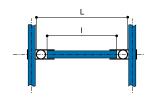


Table 11 gives dimension 'x' which must be subtracted from the overall width of the carrying rails, to give the length of the cross rail in the formula: I = L - x. (Dimension x accounts for the use of two Type 46 or L46 fittings.)

Table 11

Fitting Size	x (mm)	
4*	-48	
5*	– 59	
6*	–72	
7	- 85	
8	-102	
9	-126	

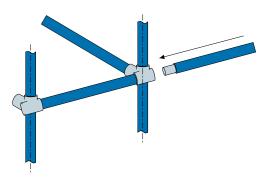
^{*}Pallet racking is not recommended in less than size 7 tube.

The length of the longitudinal member can be calculated from multiples of the length of the bay between the centres of uprights, plus dimension 'z' in Table 12. Dimension z accounts for the length of tube needed to go through the topmost fitting to the fitting's termination. This also applies to constructions using fitting Type 45.

Table 12: Additional tube length to reach topmost fitting's termination

Fitting Size	z (mm)
3	+24
4	+28
5	+31
6	+38
7	+46
8	+51
9	+61

Longitudinal tubes are joined using fittings Type 14 or 18 couplings (use of Type 18 is not recommended as a load bearing joint), which must be positioned to occur at the edge of the Type 46 fitting, and must not all occur in the same bay at alternate levels.



Spigots can be either tubes or rods, riveted into position, or the Type 18 fitting. When using the latter, a gap of 20mm must be allowed for the set screw fixing.



Base and Wall Fixings*

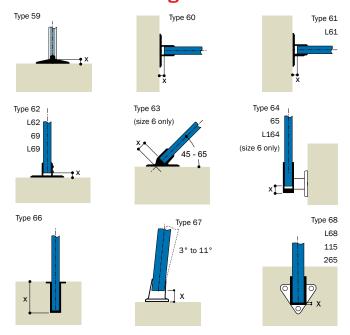


Table 13 gives details of the ground fixing dimension 'x', to be subtracted from the height 'H' to give the length of the upright 'h'.

Table 13

Flange Type	x (mm)
59	-10
60	-10
61	-6
62	-6
67	-6

Table 14 gives details of the ground fixing dimension 'x', for Type 63-6 only, to be subtracted to give the length of the upright for each angle condition.

Table 14

Table 15 gives the dimension 'x' to be subtracted from the length of the upright for fitting Types 64, 65, 67, 68, 115, 265, L68 and L164.

Table 15

Fitting Size	x (mm)
6	-5
7	-6
8	-6

Table 16 gives the ground fixing dimension 'x', to be added to the upright member to allow for the setting into the socket Type 66.

Table 16

Fitting Size	x (mm)
6	+115
7	+127
8	+127

*When using **KEE LITE** bases and flanges, "ground fixing" dimension (x) will be zero, except when using flanges L164, L68 and LC58.

Constructing Circles and Triangles

Slopes and radii present no problem to the **KEE KLAMP** galvanised railing systems. Fitting Types 27, 28, 29, 30, C50, C51, C52, 55, 56, 86, 87, 88 and 89 (and the 90 range pedestrian guardrail fittings) are designed to allow for raked handrail while keeping the uprights vertical. Tube can be bent and radiused to suit most situations. Also, true lengths have to be determined where braces and struts are being used.

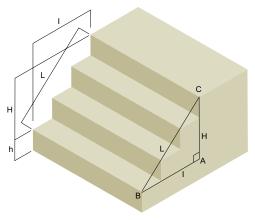
To enable **KEE SAFETY** to machine fittings and radius tube some basic information is required (e.g. angle of slope, arc lengths, etc.). We have provided simple formulae and worked examples to help you solve individual problems.

Machined Fittings

Types 27 and 28 are held in stock as blanks. These are then machined to individual requirements. It is therefore essential when ordering that the required angle from the horizontal is stated. Other tube lengths need to be determined when using fitting Types 29 and 30, C50, C51 and C52 and the 90 range pedestrian guardrail fittings.

Worked Example

Consider the following concrete single flight staircase.



Where

H = Vertical height from 1st nosing to last nosing.

h = Vertical height from ground level to 1st nosing.

I = Horizontal dimension from 1st nosing to last nosing.

L = Hypotenuse dimension (Pitch Line) from 1st nosing to last nosing.

Known Data	Formula for Side and Angle				
H & L	$I = \sqrt{(L^2 - H^2)}$	$Sin B = \frac{H}{L}$	$C = 90^{\circ} - B$		
L&I	$H = \sqrt{(L^2 - I^2)}$	Sin C = $\frac{1}{L}$	B = 90°- C		
H & I	$H = \sqrt{(H^2 - I^2)}$	Tan B = $\frac{I}{H}$	C = 90° - B		

Note: The table can be used to solve angles and true lengths for braces and struts.

Step 1

From a simple site survey or information from a working drawing, obtain the following dimensions.

Note: For greater accuracy, vertical dimensions should be taken by means of a Dumpy Level or a Theodolite.

H = vertical height from the 1st nosing to the last (140cm).

L = pitch line, the diagonal dimension from the 1st nosing to the last (240cm)

Step 2

From the table to determine angle B we use;

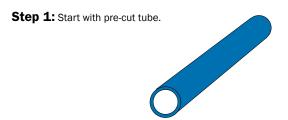
Sin B = 55 / 96, Angle B = 35°

Ramps can be dealt with in a similar way. Most ramps have a stated gradient (e.g. 1:12); for every 12 units traversed horizontally, 1 unit of vertical height is obtained.

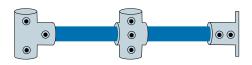


How to Make Jigs for Railing Posts

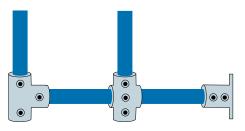
Set-up



Step 2: Measure and locate fittings on first post only.



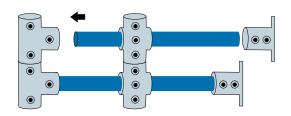
Step 3: Lay post horizontal, and insert two pieces of scrap tube. This is all that's involved in setting up your jig! From this point, duplicate posts can be produced by unskilled labour, without further measuring, at the rate of 20–30 posts per hour.



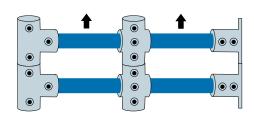
Utilising Jigs for Railing Posts

Production

Step 1: Set top and middle fittings in place, unfastened, on the two pieces of scrap pipe.



Step 2: Insert pre-cut tube into fittings, then add flange.



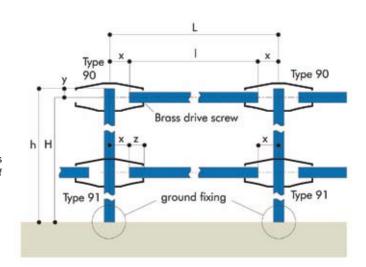
Step 3: Simply tighten set screws, then lift off.

Pedestrian Guardrailing

Using Types 90, 91, 92, 93 and 95

This construction is used when individual rails are required to be removable and when the site is not straight and level. Slopes of up to 7° or radii greater than six metres can be accommodated without bending the tubing.

When bending the tube around a corner, a Type 95 PGR spigot must be included to prevent sagging. Holes of 15mm diameter must be drilled through both walls of the upright, one at 25mm from the top of the upright tube.



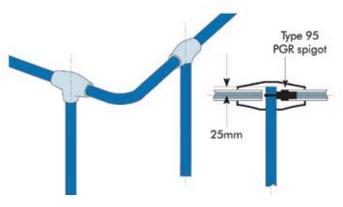


Table 17 gives details of:

- (i) Dimension 'x' in the formula I = L 2x for calculating the rail lengths where:
- L = distance between the centres of the uprights
- I = length of the horizontal tube.
- (ii) Dimension 'y' in the formula h = H + y + (ground fixing) for calculating the upright length where:
- H = distance from ground to the centre line of the top rail
- h = length of upright tube.

Table 17

Fitting Size	x (mm)	y (mm)
8	-66	+25

A brass drive screw (No. 6 x 10mm) is located at dimension 'z', in Table 18, on one end only for each horizontal tube. This positions the horizontal tube within the **Kee Klamp** fitting to give location relative to the set screws.

Table 18

Fitting Size	z (mm)
8	37



Wire Mesh Infill

Infilling is normally constructed from $50 \text{mm} \times 50 \text{mm} \times 3.2 \text{mm}$, $25 \text{mm} \times 3.2 \text{mm}$ or $50 \text{mm} \times 25 \text{mm} \times 3.2 \text{mm}$ wire mesh welded to a 8mm rod frame, and is fixed into position using standard Fitting Types 81 and 82. (NB: Types 81 and 82 require cut outs on mesh less than 32 mm square.)

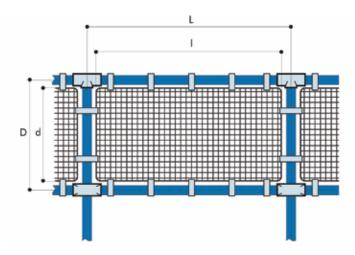


Table 19 gives the dimensions to be subtracted from the centre dimensions 'L' and 'D' of the structure to give the formulae I = L - x and d = D - x.

Table 19

Fitting Size	x (mm)
5	-60
6	-76
7	-86
8	-89
9	-98

WARNING: The spacing of panel clip Types 81 and 82 should not exceed 450mm centres. The safety attachment incorporated in the panel clip Types 81 and 82 cannot be used with mesh less than 32mm.

Tube Bending

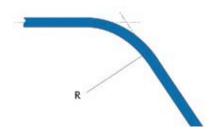
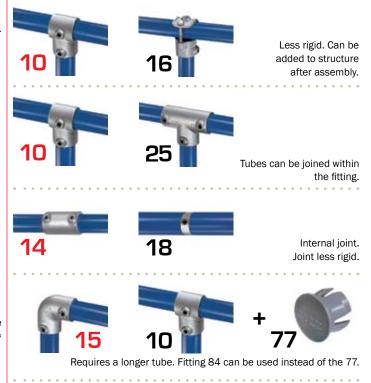


Table 20 gives details of standard radius 'R' of the tube bent by Kee Safety Ltd. If the standard radii below are not suitable, tube sizes 5 to 9 can be rolled to any radius above a minimum of 500mm.

Table 20

Fitting Size	R (mm)
3	57
4	57
5	90 or 98
6	102
7	135
8	152
9	203

Fitting Alternatives





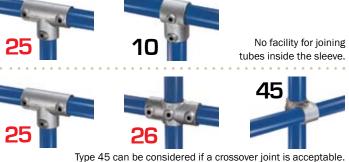
Requires a longer tube. Fitting 84 can be used instead of the 77.



Requires a longer tube. Fitting 84 can be used instead of the 77.



Only acceptable if the horizontal tubes are not required to be at the same level. Choice of angles. Joint less rigid.



Type 45 can be considered if a crossover joint is acceptable.

No facility for joining tubes inside fitting.



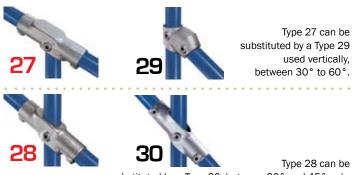


Only acceptable if the horizontal tubes are not required to be at the same level. Choice of angles. Joint less rigid.



Only suitable if the fixings are not required to be in line.

Only substitute Type 62



substituted by a Type 30, between 30° and 45° only.







Must be machined out to required angle. :



62

Interchangeable depending on most convenient lixing plate arrangement. Fitting 65 is only available in size 6.



Only suitable if the horizontal tubes are not required to be at the same level. Choice of angles. Joint less rigid.



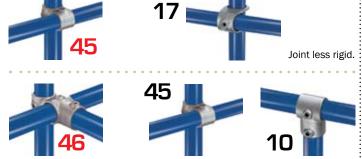
Type 70 can be substituted with Types 10 $\&\,61$ with stub of tube.



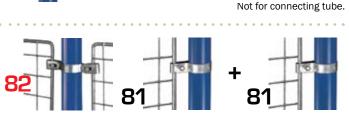
Only suitable if the horizontal tubes are not required to be at the same level. Choice of angles. Joint less rigid.



Type 70 can be substituted with Types 114 & 61.



Only suitable if the horizontal tubes are not required to be at the same level. Choice of angles.



Only suitable if the clips are not required to be at the same level.

Load Tables



Galvanised Racking Load Tables

Table 21: Beam load tables (Kg)

	Fitting Size				
	5		7	8	
Span (m)			Tube Size		
	26.9mm	33.7mm	42.4mm	48.3mm	60.3mm
	x 2.6	x 3.2	x 3.2	x 3.2	x 3.6
0.5	540	1060	1750	2380	4000
0.6	435	850	1407	1870	3250
0.7	375	730	1207	1595	2760
0.8	330	645	1063	1385	2420
0.9	295	579	946	1230	2160
1.0	265	525	850	1110	1950
1.1	240	478	770	1013	1775
1.2	219	438	705	930	1625
1.3	202	403	651	858	1497
1.4	187	373	604	796	1387
1.5	175	347	564	741	1290
1.6	-	325	529	693	1205
1.7	-	306	499	650	1129
1.8	-	290	472	613	1061
1.9	-	277	448	581	999
2.0	-	268	427	553	987
2.1	-	-	408	528	944
2.2	-	-	391	505	855
2.3	-	-	376	485	818
2.4	-	-	362	467	785
2.5	-	-	349	450	755
2.6	-	-	-	434	728
2.7	-	-	-	419	703
2.8	-	-	-	405	680
2.9	-	-	-	-	659
3.0	-	-	-	-	639
3.1	-	-	-	-	620
3.2	-	-	-	-	603
3.3	-	-	-	-	588
3.4	-	-	-	-	575
3.5	-	-	-	-	564
	I				

Table reflects a safety factor of 1.67:1

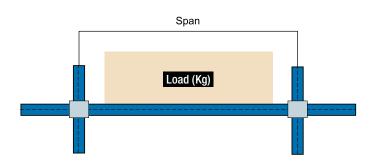


Table 21 gives an indication only of the safe load, uniformly distributed, in Kg, that may be carried per shelf consisting of front and back pipes when used as continuous beams.

For uneven load distributions or single spans, the required tube size must be determined by standard bending moment calculations assuming a ${\bf KEE}$ ${\bf KLAMP}$ joint to give a simply supported beam.

At loads greater than 900Kg consideration must be given to set screw slip.

Table 22: Load table (Kg) - unfixed upright

	Fitting Size					
Longth	5	6	7	8		
Length (m)		Tube Size				
	26.9mm x 2.6	33.7mm x 3.2	42.4mm x 3.2	48.3mm x 3.2	60.3mm x 3.6	
0.3	1720	2950	4038	4783	7044	
0.4	1435	2617	3703	4446	6661	
0.5	1150	2284	3368	4109	6278	
0.6	910	1951	3033	3772	5895	
0.7	725	1618	2690	3435	5512	
0.8	590	1348	2363	3098	5129	
0.9	480	1128	2028	2761	4746	
1.0	-	948	1752	2424	4363	
1.1	-	798	1524	2134	3980	
1.2	-	-	1340	1884	3597	
1.3	-	-	1188	1668	3253	
1.4	-	-	1066	1484	2951	
1.5	-	-	-	1328	2681	
1.6	-	-	-	-	2441	
1.7	-	-	-	-	2226	
1.8	-	-	-	-	2032	
1.9	-	-	-	-	1857	
2.0	-	-	-	-	1697	

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

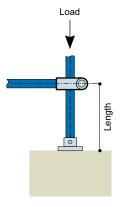


Table 22 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) when used as uprights.



Table 23: Load tables (Kg) - fixed uprights

			Fitting Size			
		6	7	8		
Length (m)	Fitting Size					
	26.9mm x 2.6	33.7mm x 3.2	42.4mm x 3.2	48.3mm x 3.2	60.3mm x 3.6	
0.3	1860	3086	4192	4916	7250	
0.4	1600	2810	3910	4638	6930	
0.5	1360	2534	3628	4360	6610	
0.6	1140	2258	3346	4082	6290	
0.7	940	1982	3064	3804	5970	
0.8	775	1706	2782	3526	5650	
0.9	640	1471	2500	3384	5330	
1.0	540	1269	2235	3248	5010	
1.1	-	1092	1995	2970	4690	
1.2	-	937	1779	2692	4370	
1.3	-	-	1587	2414	4050	
1.4	-	-	1417	2169	3730	
1.5	-	-	1265	1954	3410	
1.6	-	-	1130	1764	3130	
1.7	-	-	-	1602	2890	
1.8	-	-	-	1462	2680	
1.9	-	-	-	1342	2480	
2.0	-	-	-	1242	2300	
2.1	-	-	-	-	2120	
2.2	-	-	-	-	1950	
2.3	-	-	-	-	1800	
2.4	-	-	-	-	1650	

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

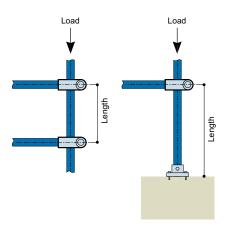


Table 23 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) tubes when used as uprights.

At loads greater than 900Kg^* consideration must be given to set screw slip (*rating includes a safety factor of 2:1.74).

Aluminium Racking Load Tables

Values shown have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

The values in Table 24 are an indication of a UDL that a rack consisting of two continuous support tubes can support.

For uneven load distributions, the required tube size must be determined by standard bending moment and deflection calculations assuming the **KEE LITE** joint to give a simply supported beam.

At loads greater than 770Kg^* consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage. (*A safety factor of 2 being applied in this instance.)

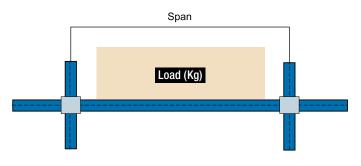


Table 24: Beam load table (Kg)

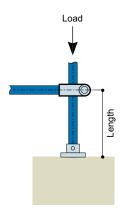
	Fitting Size					
	6		8	9		
Span (m)	Tube Size (mm)					
ν,	25 N.B.	32 N.B.	40 N.B.	50 N.B.		
	Grade	e of Material –	6082 T6 Alum	inium		
0.3	1140	2468	4230	8693		
0.6	285	617	1057	2173		
0.9	126	274	470	965		
1.1	84	183	314	646		
1.2	71	154	264	543		
1.5	45	98	169	347		
1.7	35	76	131	270		
2.1	23	50	86	177		
2.3	-	42	71	147		
2.4	-	38	66	135		
2.7	-	-	52	107		
3.0	-	-	42	86		



Table 25: Load tables (Kg) – unfixed upright bases

	Fitting Size				
	6		8		
Height (m)	Tube Size (mm)				
(***)	25 N.B.	32 N.B.	40 N.B.	50 N.B.	
	Grade	e of Material –	6082 T6 Alum	inium	
0.30	2431	4174	5249	7382	
0.40	1653	3470	4593	6994	
0.45	1296	2636	3675	6640	
0.50	891	1977	3150	5934	
0.60	502	1538	2441	5122	
0.70	405	1274	1969	3850	
0.75	324	725	1706	3355	
0.80	267	593	1260	2755	
0.90	251	505	1129	2402	
1.00	210	461	997	2048	
1.05	178	395	525	1942	
1.10	-	351	499	1589	
1.20	-	329	394	1448	
1.30	-	308	381	1271	
1.40	-	285	357	742	
1.45	-	-	314	600	
1.50	-	-	276	557	
1.60	-	-	-	530	
1.67	-	-	-	466	
1.75	-	-	-	441	
1.80	-	-	-	406	
1.90	-	-	-	369	
2.00	-	-	-	351	

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1



Above values have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

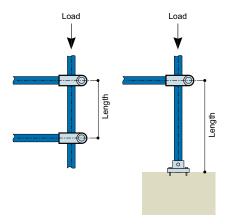
Table 25 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) when used as uprights.

At loads greater than 770Kg consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage (a safety factor of 2 being included in this instance).

Table 26: Load tables (Kg) – uprights restrained both ends

		Fittin	g Size		
	6		8		
Height (m)	Tube Size (mm)				
(***)	25 N.B.	32 N.B.	40 N.B.	50 N.B.	
	Grade	of Material –	· 6082 T6 Alum	inium	
0.30	3549	5052	6063	8300	
0.40	3371	4789	5906	8123	
0.45	3160	4723	5722	8053	
0.50	2625	4393	5512	7841	
0.60	2399	4174	5249	7700	
0.70	2009	3778	5118	7417	
0.75	1750	3405	4803	7064	
0.80	1378	2965	4147	6994	
0.90	1215	2592	3622	6605	
1.00	1102	2240	3360	6181	
1.05	940	1933	3097	5828	
1.10	843	1845	2703	5474	
1.20	-	1538	2493	5122	
1.30	-	1427	2231	4768	
1.40	-	1318	1969	3956	
1.45	-	1208	1785	3814	
1.50	-	1076	1627	3461	
1.60	-	988	1522	3108	
1.67	-	-	1443	2755	
1.75	-	-	1286	2543	
1.80	-	-	1181	2402	
1.90	-	-	-	2296	
2.00	-	-	-	2155	
2.05	-	-	-	2048	
2.10	-	-	-	1801	
2.20	-	-	-	1730	
2.30	-	-	-	1589	
2.40	_	-	-	1519	

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1



Above values have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

Table 26 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) when used as uprights.

At loads greater than 770Kg consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage (a safety factor of 2 being included in this instance).

Vibration Test



Test Report:

Vibration of Kee Klamp® Assemblies

Exhaustive tests on samples of standard size 7 **KEE KLAMP** fittings were performed by an independent research laboratory. The purpose of the test was to evaluate the use of either standard set screws or self-locking set screws.

Test Arrangement

A "Tee" section test assembly was made using three 300mm lengths of galvanised size 7 standard tube held together by a three socket tee fitting (Type 25-7). The vertical leg of the test assembly was supported in a standard railing flange (Type 62-7). The completed assembly was then rigidly attached to the vibration table.

The test assembly was initially assembled using standard set screws and tested in this configuration. The standard set screws were then replaced with the self-locking screws and the tests repeated.

Test Procedure

The test was conducted on a Ling 667Kg Electromagnetic Vibration Table. The table was programmed to perform a resonance search between 25 and 350Hz and resonant frequencies were recorded and shown in Table 27.

During the resonance search, amplification factors (Q) were measured at each resonant frequency, the point of reference being the end of one horizontal tube. The table was then held at one of the resonant frequencies, set in motion with a controlled acceleration level of 4g, and ran for a period of six hours. This was repeated for three more resonant frequencies in descending order of Q factor.

Table 27: Test Results

Resonance Frequencies	Q Factor	Running Time
74	1.27	Nil
106	1.27	Nil
158	1.53	6 hours
200	1.8	6 hours
221	5	6 hours
295	9	6 hours

During the twenty-four hours of vibration at the four resonant frequencies above, no signs of loosening with either type of attachment screw occurred.

Table 28: The telescopic relationship between tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65)

Size 9 heavy	Will accept 8 heavy or medium		
Size 9 medium	Will accept 8 heavy or medium		
al a	No telescopic relationship		
Size 8	Requires special spiggoting material		
Size 7 heavy	Will only accept size 6 light		
Size 7 medium	Will accept size 6 light, medium and heavy		
0: 0	No telescopic relationship		
Size 6 heavy	Requires special spiggoting material		
Size 6 medium	Will only accept size 5 light		
Cina E bassus	No telescopic relationship		
Size 5 heavy	Requires special spigotting material		
Ciao E modium	No telescopic relationship		
Size 5 medium	Requires special spigotting material		
Size 4	No telescopic relationship		
51ZE 4	Requires special spigotting material		
Size 3	No telescopic relationship		
Size 3	Requires special spigotting material		
Size 2	No telescopic relationship		
Size Z	Requires special spigotting material		





The Design and Installation Division of Kee Safety

A full design and installation service to ensure compliance with all major standards and statutory requirements.



Turnkey Safety Solutions

KEE SAFETY has dedicated construction professionals who have worked within the construction industry for many years. Together with their expert industry knowledge and our safety product ranges, our team is fully capable of providing you with safety guardrail and handrail solutions that will service your project needs.

Whether dealing with new, refurbishment or upgrading of existing structures and developments, we can provide safety compliant guardrail and handrail designs, whether it be internal, external, at ground level, or roof level.

We can also advise you on project costs, manage completion time scales from inception to meet your site requirements, and also ensure compliance of our systems with current Building Regulations and Safety requirements.

Cost Estimates Specific to Project Needs

Technical Advice and Support

Site Inspection Service

Design Solutions in CAD

Installation Services to Meet Your Site Deadlines



The Inspection and Assessment Service from Kee Safety



An Inspection Scheme offering a range of services, from working at height assessments to fixing pull-out tests.

Inspection of Roof Top Protection Systems

Identification of Health and Safety Hazards

Recommendation of Possible Solutions

Compliance with Health and Safety Legislation

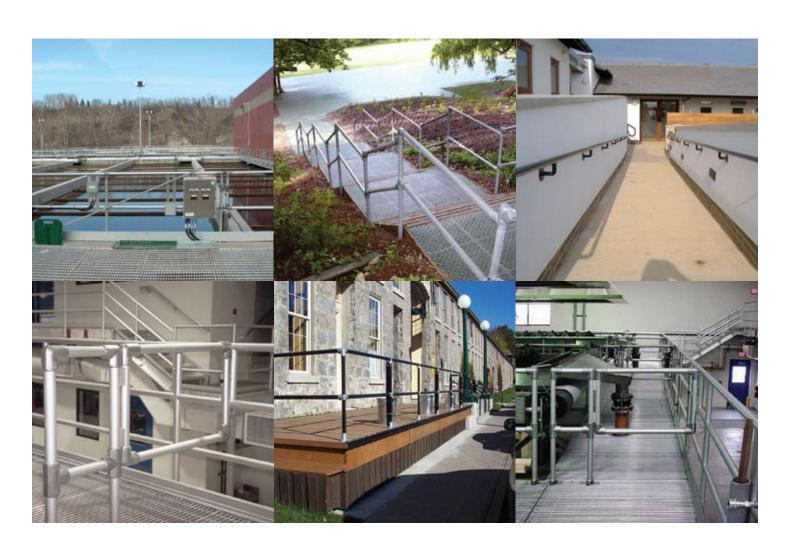
Inspection Service Scheme

KEE CHECK is an Inspection Service Scheme offered by **KEE SAFETY** on an annual basis for new and existing roof top protection systems. Our trained inspection representatives can inspect and assess all roof top installation works which have been carried out using **KEE SAFETY** products.

The inspection representative will check that all fall protection systems in place comply with current Health and Safety legislation regarding Working at Heights and National and European Design Standards.

In addition we offer a full Working at Height Assessment Service to your roof top areas. We will inspect and issue a full report indicating the potential Health and Safety hazards identified on your roof areas, and provide our recommendations on solutions to overcome future hazards and potential injuries.

Both our **KEE CHECK** Inspection Service Scheme and our Working at Height Assessment Service will give you peace of mind and ensure that all your roof top protection systems comply with current Health and Safety regulations.





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